The Columbian
AND
Bloomsburg Democrat.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN THE COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE
COURT HOUSE, BLOOMSBURG, PA., BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms--Two Dollars a Year payable in advance.

JOB PRINTING

Of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

VOLUME VI. --- NO 3. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1872. COL. DEM. --- VOL. XXXV -- NO. 48.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50 three insertions, $2.00

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3w.	6w.	1y.
One inch	$2 00	$3 00	$4,00	$6,00	$10,00
Two inches	3,00	5 00	7,00	9,00	15,00
Three inches	5,00	7,00	9,00	12,00	18 00
Four inches	7,00	9,00	11,00	17,00	25,00
Quarter column	10,00	13,00	14,00	20,00	30,00
Half column	15,00	18,00	20,00	30,00	40,00
One column	30,00	36,00	40,00	60,00	100,00

Executor's or Administrator's Notice, $3,00
Auditor's or Assignee's Notice, $2,50.

Local notices, twenty cents a line.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $2,00 per year for the first two lines, and $1,00 for each additional line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—WILLIAM ELWELL.
Associate Judges—IRAM DERR, ISAAC S. MONROE.
Prothonotary, &c.—RUDOLPH H. RINGLER.
Register & Recorder—WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
District Attorney—JAMES BRYSON, JR.
Sheriff—AARON SMITH.
Surveyor—ISAAC DEWITT.
Treasurer—WILLIAM LAMOR.
Commissioners— CYRUS FORBES, HIRAM J. REEDER, WILLIAM SHAFFER.
Commissioners' Clerk—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
Auditors—U. J. CAMPBELL, DANIEL LEE, CHARLES CONNER.
Coroner—CHARLES G. MURPHY.
Jury Commissioners—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCANALL.
County Superintendent—CHARLES G. BARKLEY

Bloom Poor District—Directors, S. H. MILLER WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON IKELER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Co.—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. H. GHOTZ, Cashier.
First National Bank—CHAS. R. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER Sec'y.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—JOHN THOMAS, Pres't., J. R. ROBISON, Sec.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. BROWER, President, C. G. BARKLEY, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER RAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., above American House.

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor corner of Centre and Main st., over Miller's store.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

E. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st. below the Post Office.

MOYER BROS., Druggists and Apothecaries, Brower's block Main st.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market Streets, in the old Post Office.

DAVID BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st. below Hartman's store, west of Market.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Office over the First National Bank.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician north side Main st., below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. R. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st,

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House,

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Centre Streets.

MCKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

C. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. BABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, ceder willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

C. FOSTER, Gine Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbinder Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise.

Orangeville Directory.

D. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Philadelphia Directory.

HORTICULTURAL HALL
Restaurant and Dinning Rooms.
FRANK SMITH, Proprietor.
PHILADELPHIA,

N. B. The location is central, the assistants attentive, and the tables supplied with the best the market affords, fresh and well cooked. Give him a call.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA

jan. 1'71—ly

J. M. KEPHEART,
WITH
BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,
No. 563 Market Street,
(Above Fifth,)
PHILADELPHIA.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.
may 10,'67-tf.

Business Cards.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

A. L. TURNER
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE over Lutz's Drug Store. Residene Market Street, 1st door below Rev. D. J. Waller. dec16'70.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

CHARLES C. LEIDY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OFFICE ON OAK STREET, MOUNT CARMEL.
NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY, PA.
Collections promptly made, Conveyancing neatly executed and all other business connected with his profession carefully attended to in Montour, Northumberland and Columbia counties. mr5,'71-6.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.
QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done. jan 1'71—tf

VETERINARY.
AUGUST FRIEND,
late from Germany, offers his services to the public as a celebrated
HORSE AND COW DOCTOR,
and all other animals, for which his charges are moderate. He can always be found east side of Berwick road, nearly H. Jacoby's Marble Yard.
Bloomsburg, May 12, 1871-1y.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

MAGAZINES, DAILY & WEEKLY PAPERS OF ALL KINDS
AT THE BOOK STORE OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.
Also an assortment of Portemonnaies, Pass Books and Account Books, constantly on hand. Books not on hand obtained on short notice.
New Books are constantly being added to the "Bloomsburg Circulating Library." Among the latest are "Guilt and Innocence," "Motherless," "Sir Harry," "Hot Spur of Humbleshaw," and "Merquam," etc. apr 28,'71—tf

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A fair is requested.
jan 1'71

NEW COAL YARD.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stove coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw. Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. J. W. HENDERSHOT.
AUGUSTUS MASON.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and side meat, Butter Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard,
J. W. HENDERSHOT.
Bloomsburg Mar. 10,'69-1y.

CURLING CREAM.
By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. This is the only article that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give to it a beautiful appearance. It also invigorates, beautifies and cleanses. It can be so applied as to cause the hair to curl any length of time desired. Sent by mail for 50 cts. a package. Address
ASHER TOWNSLEY,
Middletown, Adams Co., Pa.
sept1'71-6m.

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct5'71-tf. P. O. Box 207.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
ETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS,
&c., &c.
Neatly and Cheaply Printed
From the Latest Styles of Type at the
COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Miscellaneous.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.1'71—ly

VULCAN WORKS,
DANVILLE PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW,
Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholders, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and fencing, also Wrought iron piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B. Drawings and Estimates supplied.
oct27'71-1y.

THE GREAT MAGICAL
HAIR FORCER!
Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustacios, in from two to three months, on any person over twelve years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it. It is no humbug. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sent by mail, post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address WILLIAM C. WAGNER,
Arcadiaville,
aug.18,'71-1y. Adams County, Penna

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$211,00
Ætna	4,000,00
Fulton N. Y.	400,00
North America	300,00
City	450,00
International N.Y.	1,000,00
Niagara N.Y.	1,000,00
Merchants	300,00
Springfield	350,00
Farmers' Danville, N.Y.	500,00
Albany City	400,00
Insurance, Horse Theft	Mutual,
Atlantic, N.Y.	1,000,00
Germania, N.Y.	500,00

FREAS BROWN, *Agent*,
may 24'71—1y. BLOOMSBURG Pa.

BOOK AGENTS have long wanted a novelty which will sell at sight in every family.
THE PICTORIAL
FAMILY REGISTER
is the only work extant which satisfies this want. It is beautiful and striking combining an entirely new and elegant FAMILY PHOTOGRAPH ALBUM with a complete FAMILY HISTORY. *Exactly* what the people have long wished. Selling rapidly. AGENTS are dropping the old books to take hold of the useful and beautiful "*Register*." A few late Reports from Agents are: 11 in 2 days; 13 in 3 days; 16 in 1 week,—netting Agents $25 to $50 per week. Full particulars and Circulars free. Address
GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher,
nov19'70-1y. 719 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE
THE SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST IN USE! HAS BUT ONE NEEDLE! A CHILD CAN RUN IT!
Designed especially for the use of families, and ladies who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsteds and fancy work. TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Are very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.
We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address,
HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
nov. 10,'71-1y. Bath, Me.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!
JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH ST., Middle of the Block, between 7th and 8th Sts., South Side, PHILADELPHIA, Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality of
FANCY FURS
FOR LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.
Having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, and have had them made up by the most skillful workmen, would respectfully invite the readers of this paper to call and examine his very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy FURS, FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN. I am determined to sell at as LOW PRICES AS ANY other respectable House in this city. All Furs WARRANTED. NO MISREPRESENTATION TO EFFECT SALES.
JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
oct29'71-3m.

H. C. HOWER,
has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes, men's and boys' fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's give kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both peg ged and sewed.
He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
jan 1'71

EXCHANGE BAKERY
AND
CONFECTIONERY,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The undersigned, successors of F. Widmyer, would respectfully announce that they have taken the well-established stand recently occupied by the above named, in Bloomsburg, and prepared to continue the business of manufacturing and selling, by
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Confectionery of every style and kind. Also, they will have at all times a complete supply of the best and freshest Bread and Cake. Parties desiring anything in this line will find it to their advantage to call on us.
AN ICE CREAM SALOON
is added to the establishment, and ladies and others who may patronize us, may rely upon upon receiving proper attention. A reasonable share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Raspberry, Lemon, and other Syrups, in large and small quantities, constantly on hand.
DECKER & STECKEL.
May 5, 1871.—1y

Hotels.

MONTOUR HOUSE
RUPERT, PA.
WILLIAM BUTLER, Proprietor,
This House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of guests. No pains will be spared to ensure the perfect comfort of the travelers. The Proprietor solicits a share of public patronage. The bar will be stocked at all times with fine liquors and cigars.
jan1'71

BENTON HOTEL.
W. F. PIATT, Proprietor,
BENTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
This well known House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of visitors. No pains have been spared to ensure the perfect comfort of guests. The proprietor also runs a Stage from the Hotel to Bloomsburg and intermediate points on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. (jan 1'71

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Espy, Pa.

BLANK DEEDS.
We now have the finest assortment of BLANK DEEDS on hand and for sale that were ever kept in Bloomsburg. Large size on best parchmentt paper, Common Deeds, Executor's and Administrator's Deeds—small size good paper (cheap Common Deeds, &c.

Poetical.

The First Snow Fall.

BY JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.

The snow had begun in the gloaming,
And busily all the night
Had been heaping field and highway
With a silence deep and white.

Every pine, and fir, and hemlock,
Wore ermine too dear for an earl,
And the poorest twig on the elm tree
Was ridged inch deep with pearl.

From sheds new roofed with Carrara,
Came Chanticleer's muffled crow;
The stiff rails were softened to swan's down,
And still flattered down the snow.

I stood and watched by the window
The noiseless work of the sky;
And the sudden flurries of snowbirds,
Like brown leaves whirling by.

I thought of a mound in sweet Auburn,
Where a little headstone stood;
How the flakes were folding it gently,
As did robins the babes in the wood.

Up spoke our own little Mabel,
Saying, "Father, who makes it snow?"
And I told of the good All-father
Who cares for us here below.

Again I looked at the snow fall,
And thought of the leaden sky
That arched o'er our first great sorrow
When that mound was heaped so high.

I remembered the gradual patience
That fell from that cloud-like snow,
Flake by flake, healing and hiding
The scar of our deep-stabbed woe.

And again to the child I whispered,
"The snow that husheth all,
Darling, the Merciful Father
Alone can make it fall."

Then, with eyes that saw not, I kissed her;
And she, kissing back, could not know
That my kiss was given to her sister,
Folded close under deepening snow.

Miscellaneous.

A STRANGE AND THRILLING STORY.

The night-shadows were beginning to settle down upon the earth. All day the rain had been falling, sometimes in heavy showers; the roses and pinks in the garden had a sickly look, for the petals hung low and were heavy with water, and with mud which had splashed upon them. The clouds were still dark and threatening, bespeaking a stormy night. The little town of Ashton was unusually quiet. The streets were too muddy and the weather too inclement to entice people from their homes. Only now and then a solitary traveler was to be seen. These, business had driven forth; and they walked with rapid steps, anxious to again get under shelter.

In a vine wreathed cottage on a flower sprinkled lawn the supper had been waiting over an hour for the master of the house, whose business had necessitated his being absent from home all day. Mr. Jacobs was the tax-collector of the township, and consequently could not wait the return of pleasant weather before pursuing his journey. Therefore he had equipped himself in his india-rubber over-garment in the morning and had gone about his business, leaving his wife the promise of an early return in the evening, but supper hour had come and gone without his making an appearance. Mrs. Jacobs, however, was not anxious as yet. Such delays were too frequent to cause this one to give her any uneasiness of mind.

She flitted about the house, busy with her evening duties, singing a gay song as she went. She was a bright little woman, with a world of courage written in her dark sparkling eyes, and on the firm red lips.

Anon she disrobed her two little ones, and put them to bed, and when the night shadows turned into an inkey blackness she seated herself by the lamp and began to sew, still leaving the supper-table spread, and the food on the stove keeping warm for the return of her husband. But the little clock on the mantle shelf had told the hour of 10 before his step was heard at the door. He came in hurriedly, and strode to a seat without removing his dripping outer-garments or his muddy boots.

"Was detained. Am in an awful hurry. Going to Winchester to-night," diving his hand into a pocket of his inner coat, and glancing anxiously around the room.

"To Winchester!" repeated his wife in dismay. "Twenty miles in the storm!"

"Can't be helped," he returned. "Business is business, you know."

He removed his hand from his pocket, and took off his hat, and brushed back his fair hair revealing the rather handsome face of a light complexioned middle-aged man. He had large gray eyes, but they wore an anxious expression, and their glance wandered restlessly about the apartment.

"Jane," he said suddenly, again diving his hand into the troublesome pocket, "do you suppose you could take care of a large sum of money till to-morrow?"

"Why, yes," she answered, looking up in surprise.

"I have collected five thousand dollars," he continued, "and it is too late to get it into the bank, and I do not dare to carry so much with me."

"Well you can leave it here as well as not. No one would think of my having such a sum with me."

He drew a large wallet from his pocket and placed it in her hands.

"It belongs to the government, and if you let it pass from your hands I am ruined," he commented. And he arose as if to depart.

"You are going to eat some supper?" she inquired.

"No, I have no time to lose. I must make Winchester by midnight. Goodbye. Take good care of the money, and fasten all the doors."

He gave her a hurried kiss, and the next moment he was gone.

But the sound of his footsteps had scarcely died away before Mrs. Jacobs began to feel a strange fear creeping over her. Why it was she knew not. She had lived there seven years, and slept in the house many a night without the doors being even shut. Now they were locked and bolted, she could not think of going to bed. She was too nervous for that. She put the money in her dress pocket, and clasping both tightly in her hands, she sat very still, gazing anxiously into nothingness, and listened so intently that silence became a fearful mingling of discordant sounds in her ears.

An hour passed. It had been an age to her.

"I am glad that I am not rich," she whispered as the clock struck 11. "What a task it must be to watch one's gold!"

Presently she heard a sound. It was not the rain, for there was a perfect lull in the storm. It could not be a neighbor, for she lived in the outskirts of the village, several blocks from any one, and she was not likely to be called in cases of sickness.

Again she heard it. It seemed as if a window sash was being slowly raised. Strange that she should have forgotten to fasten them down!

"Why didn't John leave me his revolver?" she mused, "I have nothing with which to defend myself in case that I should be molested to-night. It was really an oversight in him."

Again she heard the sound. It seemed to come from the bed-room. It was surely the raising of a sash. Then there was the sound of a movement as though some one was entering that way.

Fear nearly paralyzed her for a moment but she quickly rallied, and taking up the lamp, proceeded to investigate the matter. She had scarcely opened the bed-room door when she staggered backward with a half suppressed scream. Two men in hideous disguises were already in the room and a third ruffian was in the act of crawling through the window. Involuntarily she clutched the pocket which contained the money, thinking meanwhile how she should protect herself and it. Alas! she had nothing but her own weak hands with which to fight the battle, and she well knew how powerless they were compared, with the strength of the enemy.

"What do you want here?" she asked in a faltering voice.

"We want the five thousand dollars which you have in keeping for your husband," said one of them.

They knew then that she had it in her possession.

"You can get no money from me," she said decisively. "I have no money."

"A pretty little fib," he responded with a laugh. "We will just look into your pocket and see."

In her eagerness to preserve her treasure she clutched the pocket of her dress, in both hands, thus unconsciously betraying its whereabouts.

She turned pale when the knowledge of her thoughtlessness was revealed to her.

"You can't have it! you shan't have it," she cried, knowing all the while that they would have it in spite of her.

"We will see!" exclaimed one of the men, grabbing her in his arms.

She struggled desperately, but was soon overpowered and the money taken from her.

Then, womanlike she began to cry.

"Let us go now," said one of the robbers. "You take the spondulix and git, and I will fix her tongue in a way that it will remain quiet for one hour at least."

"Don't hurry," put in another; "I am darnation hungry, and we can just as well take a bite here as not."

The others demurred, but he continued: "Set to work, you old gal, and get us some supper. You've got a fire and some boiling water, and we want a cup of tea. To work, I say!"

Mrs. Jacobs knew that a refusal would only subject her to more indignities, and she arose to do their bidding.

She put some more plates on the table, along with such food as she had cooked, and then proceeded to make the tea, wondering all the while if there was any way to regain possession of the money, and dreading her husband's anger and dismay on his return should she fail to do so.

As she took the tea-canister from the pantry shelf she caught sight of a bottle labelled arsenic. Her husband had purchased it on the previous day, in order to destroy the rats which were becoming troublesome, but as yet he had used no portion of it.

Here was a chance of relief, and she seized it eagerly. Opening the bottle she put a few grains into the tea-pot along with the tea, of which she gave good measure, in order to destroy the taste of the arsenic.

A few minutes later the robbers were sitting at the table, unconsciously sipping their death.

"They may kill me," mused the faithful woman, "but the money will be found and my husband's honor saved."

After a few minutes, one by one the robbers complained of being sick.

"I verily believe the jade has poisoned us," said one, and the next moment he fell with a deep groan to the floor.

"I know that she has poisoned us," cried another, "and her own life shall pay the forfeit."

He sprang from his seat and started towards her, revolver in hand, but fell ere he had reached her.

"Jane," exclaimed the third, "you have saved the money, but you have murdered me!"

How strangely familiar sounded the voice! Forgetting all her old fear in the new, Mrs. Jacobs sprang forward and knelt by the side of the dying man.

None tried to harm her now, for all were powerless to do so.

She pulled the disguise, a hideous negro face with large grinning mouth, from the face of the last speaker. One look—then came a scream which echoed through the house like a peal of thunder.

The dying man was her own husband.

But little more remains to be told of the sad story. The money was preserved, but the heroic woman is a maniac, raving in a southern asylum over the murder of her husband, imagining that her hands are dyed with his blood.

A MISSOURI horse thief was hung to a telegraph pole on his way to the voting place, and according to the Providence *Herald*, "that manner of polling a vote is calculated to deaden one's interest in town politics.

Jackson and the Bravo.

IT was while he was Judge that he arrested the notorious desperado Bean, whom nobody else could arrest. Many of Bean's decendants are still living, and the place where old Hickory's eyes brought him down is still pointed out.

As the story runs, Bean went away and left his family for two years. When he returned, his wife celebrated the advent by presenting him with a new-born babe. This was a new departure in domestic economy, and Bean did not accept the situation with very good grace. He demanded an explanation, and in the absence of a satisfactory one, he sharpened his knife and deliberately cut off both ears of the poor little baby, playfully remarking as he did so, that he wanted to distinguish it from his own. Some thought this was an innocent proceeding, a practical joke on the baby, in fact, while others considered it an outrage which should be punished. The grand jury took that view of the case and indicted Bean. Bean, as usual, brushed up his horse pistols and said that they might indict but they couldn't arrest him. The sheriff tried it and was vanquished. Court came on, the criminal docket was called, and the clerk reported Bean "not taken."

"What's the matter?" asked Judge Jackson of the sheriff.

"Nothing's the matter, only I can't arrest him,' replied the official.

"Then, by the Eternal! summon the county to help you, and bring him in here," thundered the judge.

The sheriff gathered up some citizens, and advanced on Bean. The latter backed himself up against a house to prevent a rear attack, drew his pistols, and told them to come on. He was a center shot, and to have advanced would have been certain death to some. No one cared to sacrifice his life in giving the others a chance to make a start. The sheriff reported to Jackson that Bean could not be taken without a sacrifice of lives.

"By the Eternal! summon the court!" thundered the irate judge; and "the court" was summoned.

Jackson refused arms, and advanced empty-handed and bareheaded upon Bean. His friends tried to restrain him, as he valued his life, but he heeded them not. He kept his cold eyes fixedly upon the desperado, walked right up to him, jerked his pistols away, took him by the collar, and marched him off to jail.

A Grim Joke

The late Isaac O. Barnes has been the subject of many good stories, one of which has not yet found its way into print. He had been invited to attend the funeral of a particular friend and crony, and as the deceased had, at their last interview, specially urged his being present, he felt in duty bound to respond. Arrived at the house of mourning, he found the family assembled in a very small and uncomfortable room, in the middle of which stood the coffin, that all might take a last look at the face of the departed. The service was conducted by two clergymen, friends of the family, who, with their long prayers and extended 'remarks,' consumed nearly two hours, during which Mr. Barnes suffered untold agonies of suspense and impatience. Hardly had the second minister pronounced his 'amen,' when Barnes, in his well known squeaky voice, turning to the person sitting nearest him, said:

'Did you know Kid?'

'Yes, sir,' said the man addressed, in a low voice.

'Good fellow, wasn't he?' continued Barnes.

'Yes, sir,' still in a suppressed tone.

'And he was a mighty smart one, too,' squeaked Barnes.

'Very smart,' continued the other, as the company present began to look in that direction.

'Yes, he was,' piped Barnes, still louder, with one of his expressive expletives, 'and if he'd have had the running of this funeral he'd have been under the ground an hour and a half ago.'

Anecdote of Ethan Allen.

Ethan Allen once passed up through the Hoosac Valley and spent the Sabbath with a friend in Williamstown, attending church with him and his family. The first and second presidents of Williams College were square-toed in their orthodoxy, having far more faith in Divine wrath and justice than in His love and mercy—and their sermons gave evidence of their obedience to belief. On this Sabbath the text of the worthy President Fitch was: "And if the righteous scarcely be saved, where shall the ungodly and the sinner appear?"

Firstly—He laid it down as a fact beyond question that not more than one in one thousand would be saved.

Secondly, thirdly to twelfthly—He said that not one in fifty thousand could be saved.

Ethan Allen took his hat and cane and prepared to leave. His friend said, "Don't leave now."

Seventeenthly dropped from the president's lips, who said he had come to the conclusion that of the countless millions of men not more than one in an hundred thousand would be saved.

The old soldier had been growing uneasy under this rapidly sliding scale, in which the blanks so multiplied and the prizes faded from view. He grasped his hat and cane, when his friend said to him, "Don't go out. He will be through shortly. He's now up to seventeenthly." "Oh, no matter," said Ethan Allen, "any of you are welcome to my chance, if 'tis as slim as he tells of," and left the church.

AT Newbery, Eng., a gentleman recently made a wager of $5,000 that at eight o'clock on a particular evening he would sit down to dinner in well woven, well dyed, well made suit of clothes, the wool of which formed the fleece on sheep's backs at five o'clock that same morning. Two sheep were shorn; the wool was washed, carded, stubbed, roved, spun and woven; the cloth was scoured, fulled, tented, raised, shared, dyed and dressed; the garments were made. At a quarter past six he sat down to a dinner at the head of his guests, in a complete damson colored suit—thus winning his wager, with one hour and three-quarters to spare.

A Masonic Story.

Two men had been fast friends. In an evil hour they quarreled. They did not speak, and had not spoken for years. Mutual friends tried the art of reconciliation in vain. They were avowed enemies for life. One of them became a Mason after the estrangement, and it happened that the other remained ignorant of the fact. One evening he too was admitted to a Lodge. Almost the first voice he heard, and certainly the first face he saw, was that of his enemy, who presided over the ceremonies of initiation, and was obliged, according to usage, to address him by the title of "BROTHER." This was a peculiar situation, and a severe ordeal for both. After the lodge was closed the Apprentice sought the Master, and without any preliminaries, the following colloquy ensued, commenced by the newly made Mason:

"Are you a member of this lodge?"

The answer was "I am."

"Were you present when I was elected?"

"I was."

"May I ask if you voted?"

"I did."

"Now will you tell me how many votes it requires to reject a candidate on ballot for admission?" The Worshipful Master answered "One."

There was nothing more to say. The initiated extended his hand, which was warmly grasped by the other, and uttered with thrilling accents, deep emotion mellowing his voice, "Friend! Brother! you have taught me a lesson I shall never forget." This is a little ray of Masonic light. No language is so eloquent as the silent throbbing of a heart full of joyful tears

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, January 19, 1872.

Contested Elections.

In contested elections for members of the Legislature, the report of the committee is final. The framers of the law, for the purpose of securing impartiality, and to guard against partisan influence, made the following regulation: After the Clerk calls over the roll of members and notes the absentees, "the names of all the members are written on distinct pieces of paper, as nearly alike as may be, each of which is rolled up and put in a box by the Clerk, and placed on the Speaker's table. The Clerk having shaken and intermixed the said papers, draws them out, one by one, and puts them alternately into three boxes, which are also placed on the Speaker's table; and when they are so distributed, the Clerk again shakes and intermixes the papers in each box, and draws alternately from each box the said papers and delivers them singly to the Speaker, who opens them and reads aloud the name on each, which is taken down by two members appointed by the Speaker, and also read aloud by them. If any objection is made, by either of the parties, to any member so drawn by lot, such member shall be discharged and another drawn in his place, and so on until seventeen members (in the House of Representatives and thirteen in the Senate) shall be drawn who are unobjected to. But if objections are made to all, so that only seventeen remain in the boxes to be drawn out, then no further objections shall be submitted, but said seventeen shall be drawn out singly and submitted to the Speaker, who reads them aloud and they are taken down by the tellers. When the list of seventeen is thus completed, the parties, with their counsel and the Clerk, retire to some adjoining room and there strike from the list, alternately, the names of members until but nine (in the House of Representatives, *nine*, in Senate, *seven*,) remain, and these shall constitute the committee."

On the face of it the law seems to be perfectly fair, but in practice, *of late years*, it has resulted in giving unanimous Republican committees, as witness the Lynd, Bunn-Witham, and more recently the Green-Shortt cases.

For example: excluding contestants, and Dickerson, deceased, the present House of Representatives has 87 Democrats and 69 Republicans. A fair drawing would give the Democrats four and and the Republicans five members on the committee in the Green-Shortt case. *They have not a single member as drawn.* When the number was reduced to seventeen, the Democrats, by usual laws, would have had seven or eight members out of that number, whereas in fact they had but *one!*

It will not answer to say that this is chance; the laws of chance do not run continually in that rut. We venture the assertion that a betting man would wager money that if the Democrats had one-third of the House, under a fair drawing they would have one-third of the members of the committee; but as it is, he would not stake a dollar, even if the Democrats were much stronger, that they would get a man on the committee.

We do not mean to charge the officers of the present Legislature with unfairness, because we have no evidence of it; but it is at least singular that with chances so varied, the results are uniformly the same.

Inaction.

The present Legislature met with many promises of reform, but as yet not a single one has been carried out. In the two weeks succeeding the opening of the session the House met six times, and did not sit over eight hours during those two weeks. No public business was done or attempted to be done (except members voting themselves a library), and thus the public time and money have been wasted.

As a result, towards the close of the session public bills, private jobs, &c., will be rushed through without consideration, and our statute book will be loaded with a mass of illy digested laws. The long delay in getting to work breeds idleness, and of course corruption, and is in every respect reprehensible. In New York it is a subject of common complaint that the members are getting $8.00 per day, and only sit four days in the week. Our Pennsylvania Solons get $10.00 per day—meet three days in the week, and have an average session of about ninety minutes!

For this result we hold the Republicans responsible. As they have a large majority, and control the legislation, they should hasten the public interests by constant and uninterrupted work.

THE Democracy insist that General Grant is a heavy load for the Republican party to carry—but what would they give to be allowed to bear our burdens? —*Press.*

What would they have to give? Everything of honor, justice, regard for the lives and liberties of the people, respect for the Constitution and the laws, which they now have, and which seem to find an abiding place among the Democracy alone. It would hardly be worth while to give all these to acquire a power perpetuated by bayonets and bribery, and to fill the pockets of that animated tobacco furnace who occasionally visits the White House when not otherwise engaged. We're content to let the Republicans bear their own burdens, from Grant down to Forney. We may have the latter on our hands again some day.

THE late Mr. FISK, it is well known, was no respecter of persons any more than of principles, and spake evil of dignities on occasion. But the *Tribune* mates him when it says with irreverent veracity that "his four-in-hand usually "conveyed more spotted reputations "than his own," and "that his box at "the Opera House was shunned as if "infected by all who had any character "to lose." Has the *Tribune* forgotten, then, that President GRANT was once conveyed in that most immaculate "four-in-hand;" that President GRANT sate, evidently fearing no infection and no loss, in that lazar-box at "the Opera House"? The *Tribune* has commonly shown itself strong in the point of memory where politics and political characters are concerned. Is this a lapse? Or what?

MR. DAWES, a prominent member of Congress, evidently is not impressed by the honor and honesty of Congressional committees. He says that they are more guided in their decisions by party considerations than by evidence and justice. A cheerful comment on the lawmakers of the land.

Pennsylvania Mines.

The miners of PENNSYLVANIA in their continual underground burrowing are in a fair way to destroy the foundations of that State which has hitherto been regarded as the keystone of the national arch. If that wedge of anthracite should suddenly give way and disappear in the bowels of the earth it would leave a black void of terrible dimensions, and there would be no longer a resting place for the foot of the thick-and-thin protectionist, and no political weathercock to indicate the way of the wind in our stormy Presidential campaigns. The recklessness with which the mining companies proceed to cut away the mass of rock and coal on which farms and villages rest should be looked to. Every now and then there are reports of the caving in of the surface, and not unfrequently the catastrophe is fatal to miners and to the people who dwell above the dark caverns in which they toil. A mine once opened there is a temptation to cut up and cart out the whole substratum of the country, and the workmen and proprietors are alike forgetful of the immense weight above their heads which must be left with some adequate support. The columns which they leave for this purpose are too often trimmed down until at some unexpected moment they give way and involve horses, machinery, men, and buildings in one mass of ruin. Most cases of the breaking in of the mines are attended with little loss of any kind, and hence they attract no attention; but at long intervals there is a disaster, and one of these is likely to occur at any time. It behooves the State of PENNSYLVANIA, if she cares nothing for the security of her soil and the stability of her territory, to look after the lives of her citizens. Measures are very much needed there which shall compel the proprietors of mines to establish every safeguard for the security of life. The subject is broached every winter in the Legislature, but no satisfactory action is taken, and then all through the succeeding season come reports of calamities and disasters which provoke indignation at the carelessness of mankind; but that carelessness is neither punished nor prevented. It is only the people of the State in their sovereign capacity that can see that none of their own number shall be left at the mercy of the recklessness of others.—*World.*

Horace Greeley and the President.

A Missouri editor, having nominated Horace Greeley, the veteran head of the New York *Tribune*, for the Presidency, received the following pointed and significant letter from the latter:

NEW YORK TRIBUNE,
NEW YORK, December 18, 1871.

P. Donan, Esq., Lexington, Mo.:

MY DEAR SIR: I have yours of the 14th inst. I have no doubt that the policy you suggest is that which your party ought to adopt. They should have run Salmon P. Chase in 1868. Then, as the result of that contest, the return of genuine peace and thrift would have been promoted. That policy gave you more last year in Missouri than could have been achieved by a party triumph. You only err as to the proper candidate. I am not the man you need. Your party is mostly Free-trade, and I am a ferocious Protectionist. I have no doubt that I might be nominated and elected by your help; but it would place us all in false positions. If I, who am adversely interested, can see this, I am sure your good sense will, on reflection, realize it. You must take some man like Gratz Brown, or Trumbull, or Gen. Cox (late Secretary Interior), and thus help to pacify and reunite our country anew.

Yours, HORACE GREELEY.

The Louisiana Outrage.

We clip the following from the New York *Tribune* in relation to the scandalous and disgraceful efforts of Grant's brother-in-law, Casey, to obtain control of the State Government of Louisiana. The article needs no explanation; it speaks for itself:

The Administration party have no excuse whatever for their high-handed and revolutionary course; they charged conspiracy on Warmoth and his friends, and procured their arrest for proposing to do exactly what they did themselves—conspire to gain possession of the Legislature. Here is a Collector, United States Marshal, and other officers of the National Government combining and forming a party to seize the State Government, depose the Governor, and "run the machine" for their own undeveloped purposes. There is no attempt to conceal this purpose, no disguise of the motive for all this hubbub.

It is for such efforts to expose the frauds and corruptions of the Republican party that Horace Greeley has been blackguarded by Administration journals and caricatured by the artists of *Harper's Weekly*. There is very little inducement for a man to be honest in the Republican party. All his reward is abuse.

A bill was recently introduced in the House of Representatives in Washington to give a right of appeal in *habeas corpus* cases from final judgments in U. S. Circuit Courts to the Supreme Court of the United States. The law giving the right of appeal was repealed in 1868 for partisan purposes and this bill looks to the re-enactment of the law. As the rights and liberties of the people are affected by the existence of the law we do not feel sanguine as to its re-enactment by the present Congress whose chief duty seems to be to provide for the re-election of Grant.

MUTILATED CURRENCY.—On and after the 1st of January, 1872, defaced and mutilated notes and fractional currency, instead of being subject on redemption to a discount for mutilation, will be redeemable at their full value in new notes; provided that three-fifths of the original proportion of such notes are presented in one piece. The most liberal facilities for redemption of mutilated notes and fractional currency are promised by the Treasury Department.

IN spite of the Republican promise of reform in the granting of lands to corporations, by Congress, an official statement recently submitted, shows that the quantity of land which railroad companies will receive under grants made to them reaches the enormous sum of 172,739,480 acres! If this is reform we should like to know what the amount would have been without reform.

THERE's a two-third colored Radical majority in the Tennessee State Prison, but they can't pass anything—not even the walls or over the Governor's veto. Which is clearly a case for Federal intervention.

Martial Law Vs. The Constitution.

The Hon. George H. Pendleton sent the following letter in reply to a committee of Democrats of Wooster, O., who invited him to attend their celebration of the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans. His points against the corruption of the administration and its centralized military character, as also his opinion of the passive policy and of the duty of the dissatisfied Republicans to organize an opposition against Grant in co-operation with the Democrats, will be received with the attentionthey deserve.

CINCINNATI, December 30, 1871.

Messrs. Ethelmen, Feristone, Baughman, Committee of Invitation.

GENTLEMEN: I regret that I cannot accept your invitation to be present at the next annual celebration of the 8th of January. It would have given me great pleasure to meet and take counsel of those who are so well grounded in the faith and the practice of Democracy as the men of Wayne County, and with them to recall the principles and example of the founders of our party.

Two great dangers imperil free institutions under the policy of the party now in power. The spirit of centralized military government attacks every where the Constitution, and corruption in office destroys the civil administration. I do not speak merely or chiefly of special defalcations however startling, but of the general degradation of the standard of official integrity until the offices in both the civil and military service seem to be considered the property of the party, to be dispensed and administered primarily for party aggrandizement or personal profit.

These dangers grow out of and are inseparable from the present organization of the Republican party. Its foundation, its philosophy, its history, and its leaders recognize military power and the corrupting use of money by official patronage as legitimate forces in ordinary civil administration, and now more than ever are they brought into active exercise. The Democratic party confronts this theory and denounces these practices.

Founded upon the idea of local government, jealous of powers granted to authority, taught that simplicity and economy are essential to the honesty necessary in Republican institutions, it maintains with more determined purpose that the military must be subordinate to the civil authority, and that offices are a trust for the people, not spoils for the victors.

Its powerful organization enters every village in the land, and numbers among its adherents nearly one-half the people as intellectual, as pure, as patriotic, as unselfish as any of their fellow-citizens. They are too numerous to be cowardly. They are too patriotic to be lukewarm. They are too sincere in their purposes and convictions to be driven to despondency by ten years of reverses. They have shown constancy in defeat as well as wisdom in victory. If I understand their feelings they will neither disband their organization nor flee the field before the contest commences. Either course, they believe, would give undisputed sway to the present administration, which could then give undivided attention to the deserters from its ranks.

An advancing army, with the enemy either dispersed or in flight, never loses divisions or regiments, or even companies, and is generally able to pick off or to pick up treacherous or thoughtless stragglers.

If there be, as is claimed, many members of the Republican party who disapprove the ideas which dominate the administration of President Grant, and are prepared to oppose his re-election, they should declare their purposes, organize their party, develop and manifest their strength, and if I may predict the future, they will have no just cause, even the most sensitive and timid among them, for refusing to co-operate *with the Democratic party.* When its authorized convention shall speak it will remind its adherents that the ultimate and highest purpose of its existence is to secure the greatest prosperity, in its best sense, of every human being in the land; that principles of government are true or untrue, as they contribute to this result; that parties and politics and offices are but means to this end: that principles are of different application, and questions lose their importance in the ever-shifting changes of human affairs, and discarding all narrow ideas, abandoning the consideration of all questions which have been decided or buried by the events which have passed; recognizing the accomplished facts of the present, and appreciating the dangers of the future, it will invite, both by words and by deeds, both by resolutions and by nominations, the zealous, hearty cooperation of all men who believe that the Constitution is a better system of government than martial law, and that reform in the civil service is a higher duty than rewarding prospective partisan effort by distributing spoils.

By this course the party, I should hope, would attain success. If it should once more fail, as an honest, faithful, patriotic minority, it will hold an important position and exert an immense moral power over the majority; and it may well wait with faith the inevitable hour which will crown its fidelity and patience with the success which it will have deserved.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant, GEORGE H. PENDLETON.

HUSBAND'S LIABILITY.—The prevalent opinion that a husband is legally liable for all bills, of whatever nature, that his wife may contract was not sustained by Judge Thayer, in Philadelphia. In a case in court the Judge decided in favor of a husband who had been sued by a dry goods firm, for a debt contracted by his wife. Defense set up that defendant furnished his wife with an ample supply of necessaries. In the course of his charge, Judge Thayer said:

"It is a false and foolish notion for tradespeople to entertain that a husband is bound to pay all bills contracted by his wife. No such monstrous doctrine is allowed in law. Tradesmen must ascertain the facts and the true relation of man and wife before allowing the latter to run up bills which he is looked to pay."

Commenting upon this exposition of law, which ought to be more familiar than it is, the Philadelphia *Record* thinks, that when the tradespeople come to distinctly understand it, "a very sensible step will have been accomplished towards reform in the wanton extravagance and ruinous folly which, under the meretricious impulse of the stupid despot called 'fashion,' so wastes the substance, mars the manners, deforms the persons, degrades the morals and wrecks the happiness of myriads of households and individuals, not only in this community, but throughout the country."

RAILROAD IRRESPONSIBILITY.—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has affirmed the judgment of a lower Court, in the case of McMasters vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and decides that when freight is shipped on the railroad to a station where the railroad company has no warehouse erected, the parties interested in the freight cannot recover from the railroad company if the freight be lost after it is landed at the station—it being then the duty of the parties to whom it is shipped to look after it. This case is said to be the first of the kind that has yet been brought before the Supreme Court of the State.

LEGISLATURE.

Legislation has at last commenced at Harrisburg. The standing committees of the Senate and House for 1872 have been announced, and business seems to be fairly under way. The resolution continuing the present officers of the Senate in their positions until otherwise ordered has been passed. The House has concurred in the Senate resolution appointing a committee to investigate the Geo. O. Evans claim case.

In the Senate, on Friday, a number of reports of committees were offered, among them one from the Committee on Education, by Mr. Buckalew, to authorize reformed voting in the election of directors of common schools. A bill was introduced by Senator Warfel requiring the closing of bars for the sale of liquor on election days and holidays. The Senate adjourned, after some unimportant business, to Tuesday afternoon.

No business of interest was transacted in the Senate on Tuesday, and an early adjournment was had. In the House several bills were introduced and the Committee on the Evans war claims investigation was announced.

CONGRESS.

Very little was done in Congress, Thursday. In the Senate some petitions were received asking a reduction of the tariff, especially on iron, coal and salt. The sum of $27,645 was appropriated to pay the additional expenses of the Ku Klux Committee, and the one term amendment to the Constitution was debated. In the House there was a spicy debate between the members from Rhode Island and Massachusetts on the early history of their respective States.

The House of Representatives on Friday instructed the Post-office Committee to investigate the system of postal contracts, whereby the government is annually swindled out of several million dollars. The remainder of the day was occupied with private bills. The Senate was not in session.

In the Senate on Monday several petitions were presented asking for reductions in the duty on coal, iron and salt. Chinese residents of San Francisco send a petition for reduction of the duty on rice, which was not received on the ground that, coming from foreigners, it should be addressed to the Secretary of State. Mr. Sumner made a long speech, claiming equal rights for our colored citizens.

In the House several important bills were introduced, including one to allow respondents in criminal courts in the United States courts to testify in their own behalf, one to remove all political disabilities, others the tenure-of-office acts, to abolish the office of Superintendent of Indian Affairs, and to allow American registration of foreign built vessels.

In the Senate on Tuesday Mr. Sumner presented petitions for a national prohibitory law, and one asking for an amendment to the constitution to secure temperance.

Mr. Scott presented a memorial for an amendment of the constitution forbidding the election to office of any person who drinks intoxicating liquors, and asked its reference to the committee on the judiciary.

Mr. Pomeroy suggested that it had better go to the committee on disabilities. [Laughter.]

Mr. Fenton presented several petitions for a constitutional amendment making drinkers of alcoholic liquors ineligible to hold office under the United States.

The bill to repeal the duties on iron and salt was recommitted by a vote of 31 to 19.

No business of public interest was transacted by the House.

NEWS.

Dead letters contained $3,000,000 last year.

The small-pox continues to spread in all parts of the British Isles.

The Republican National Convention will meet in Philadelphia, on June 5th.

John Sherman has been elected United States Senator from Ohio.

The ex-Empress of the French has sold her jewelry to a celebrated firm of jewellers in London for $100,000.

The Prince of Wales is daily gaining strength, and his complete recovery is now only a point of time.

The world uses 250,000,000 pounds of tea each year, and 718,000,000 pounds of coffee. China furnishes nearly all the tea, and Brazil over one-half of the coffee.

The *American Register*, of Paris, says that the bids in that market for the Washington City improvement bonds were far in excess of the amount offered, and an allotment of 10 per cent. only has been made to each bidder.

Gratz Brown favors the confinement for life in lunatic asylums of all murderers acquitted on the plea of insanity. Let this be done and the insanity dodge will be done Brown.

The best yet. A Michigan woman, the wife of an invalid, and mother of twenty-six children, picked cranberries enough last Fall to pay off a mortgage on her farm.

Postmaster Henry Smith, of St. James, Long Island, set a trap gun for burglars on Wednesday night, but forgetting the gun returned to his office and was shot. He died next day.

William Wilson, of Howard county, Ind., slaughtered a hog, which weighed, dressed, one thousand and ninety-two pounds three ounces, and wants to know who can beat it.

A. Oakey Hall, has temporarily retired from the mayoralty of New York, and John Cochrane, a Republican and President of the Board of Aldermen is acting Mayor.

A destructive fire occurred in Reading on Tuesday morning destroying property valued at $250,000. The amount of insurance is not stated.

It is rumored that the Government will demand redress for the seizure of the steamship Florida, belonging to this country, by a Spanish war vessel. Spain will be required to make a prompt apology, punish her officers committing the outrage and pay the damages claimed.

Governor Parker, of New Jersey, was inaugurated at Trenton Tuesday, in presence of both houses of the Legislature. Ex-Governor Randolph, in giving up to his successor the great seal of the State, noticed the fact that Joel Parker is the first citizen of New Jersey who has been a second time elected Governor of that Commonwealth.

A passenger, name unknown, jumped from a train on the North Missouri railroad, and was instantly killed. Cash and notes, amounting to $17,000, were found on his body.

The Bank of North America, Philadelphia, has just been swindled to the tune of over twelve thousand dollars, by means of altered certificates.

Charles T. Perry, Ex-Mayor of Brooklyn, committed suicide recently by shooting himself with a revolver. Ill health is thought to have been the cause.

The Supreme Court of the United States rendered a decision on Saturday affirming the constitutionality of the Legal Tender Acts. The Court stood five to four. Chief Justice Chase and Justices Field, Clifford and Nelson dissented.

General H. W. Halleck died at his residence in Louisville, on the 9th inst., of congestion of the brain. He was the senior Major General of the army, and besides his military reputation was favorably known as an author of fair ability.

There are strong probabilities that diplomatic relations between this country and Russia may be suspended and the respective ministers of the two countries recalled. This state of affairs is the result of the approval of Minister Catacazy's course by Prince Gortchakoff the Russian Prime Minister.

The Emperor of China is to be married soon, and has imported a pair of elephants to draw his nuptial car. His bride is to be carried in a palanquin made of strings of pearls. Her dresses cost $1,000,000. The society journals will not report the affair.

The Delaware and Lackawanna Railway have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Paterson, New Jersey, for killing a fireman and an engineer by the collision of trains, and also for obstructing the highways by allowing trains to remain at road crossings.

A minister lecturing in East Boston recently, suddenly remembered that he had agreed to marry a couple at that very time. He stopped his lecture for fifteen minutes, fulfilled his agreement, married the happy couple, and returning finished his lecture.

The Louisiana Legislative muddle still continues. There are two Houses, neither of which has a quorum, and consequently no business can be transacted. Additional troops have been ordered to New Orleans, and fears are entertained of a riot. Grant has of course done nothing in the matter as was to have been expected.

A barrel of buckwheat flour exploded recently at Keokuk, Iowa. A man of science calmly says that the buckwheat was probably wet, and being confined in the barrel, an alcoholic vapor was generated, which ignited as the lid was taken off and a lighted candle brought into contact.

The Grand Duke Alexis has abandoned his projected buffalo hunt in company with Piegan Phil and Spotted-Tail, and in obedience to the orders of the Czar has repaired to St. Louis, whence in company with Admiral Possiet he expects an immediate recall in consequence of the disruption of our relations with Russia.

A Norwegian, seventy years old, at White Bear Lake, Michigan, had the most extraordinary fight with a wolf on record, last week. The animal tackled him, and he fought, first with a club, then with a pitchfork, and finally he got a rope round the neck of the beast, and therewith drew him to a carpenter's vice, into which he screwed his head. Then he got a gun and killed him.

David R. Dickey, of Randolph, Tipton county, Tennessee, came to an end on Monday. He made a bet that he could eat four bottles of brandy peaches, and drink all the liquor, together with two tumblers of raw whiskey. He drank the whiskey, and finished all the peaches, dropping dead while holding the last peach in his mouth.

A civil engineer of Chicago, who believes that rain can be produced by artificial methods, has petitioned Congress to enable him to carry out his proposed experiments. He wants to be furnished with 900 cannon of not less than 24 pounds' calibre each, and 30,000 pounds of powder to fire in them, together with an electrical battery and other appliances, to enable him to discharge all the pieces simultaneously.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the town of Bloomsburg, on MONDAY, the 5th day of FEBRUARY, 1872, at one o'clock p. m., the following property to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and house, and lot of ground situate in Catawissa township of Roaring Creek, and in the addition to the town of Catawissa bounded and described as follows to wit: Bounded on the South by North street aforesaid, on the East by lands of Henry Hollingshead on the North by lands of the same and on the West by the public road leading from Catawissa to the upper ferry, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Christianna Hunt and David Hunt.

ALSO:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the township of Hemlock in the County of Columbia containing 50 acres more or less adjoining lands of Thomas Vanderlip on the North by land of John Brunner and James Greenley on the East by Greenley and Thomas Vanderslice, and on the South by Vanderslice and John Latten, containing sixty-four acres, be the same more or less, whereon is erected a small house and stable with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Applegate.

ALSO:

A certain tract of land situate in Locust township Columbia county, bounded on the North by lands of Elias Thomas, on the East by lands of Wesley Perry, on the South by lands of William Thomas, on the West by lands of Elijah Yocum containing ninety-six acres more or less on which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken in to execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Thomas.

AARON SMITH, Sheriff.

60 CENTS PER POUND FOR BEST TEA IMPORTED!

GREEN, BLACK, JAPAN AND MIXED!!

BROKEN TEA LEAF!!!

This "Broken Tea Leaf" is of the finest quality and of the most exquisite flavor. It is pure leaf, has no stems, and is a third stronger than the whole leaf, and but one half its price.

All the first-class hotels throughout the country are using it continuously and satisfactorily.

It is put up for family use in caddies of 15 pounds, and sent C. O. D., to any address, and for the trade in half chests, upon which will be allowed a liberal discount. Samples sent free. Address,

PHILA. "BROKEN TEA LEAF CO."
No. 11 South FRONT Street,
jan19'72-3m. PHILADELPHIA.

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following petitions for License to sell liquor have been filed in the Prothonotary's office and will be presented to the Court at February term, A. D., 1872:

Israel Heller, Greenwood twp.			Hotel
J. Y. Gallaspy,	"	"	"
Humphrey Parker	"	"	"
John Leggett,	"	"	"
Hiram Hess, Benton			"
Andrew J. Heller, Benton			"
J. Paul Fry, Beaver			"
John S. Mann, Centre twp.			"
John Davis,	"		"
Theodore Howell, Lime Ridge			"
William Peifler, Centre			"
William Butler, Rupert			"
William Granger, Scott			"
Bogart & Kramer, Greenwood			Boarding Store
William Farrey, Centre			"
F. S. Shuman, Catawissa			Eating House
Bernhard Stoiber, Bloomsburg			Restaurant
Fred Gilmore,	"		"
Thomas Monroe, Conyngham			"

SHORTEST ROUTE EASTWARD.

Danville, Hazleton & Wilkesbarre R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

EASTWARD. LEAVE.	A. M.	WESTWARD. LEAVE.	
Sunbury	6.20	New York,	12.10
Danville	7.02	Easton,	9.45
Catawissa	7.28	Delhi,	9.00
Hazleton	8.00	Bethlehem,	7.45
	P. M.		
Bethlehem,	12.10	Hazleton,	12.00
Philadelphia	2.45	Catawissa,	4.30
Easton,	12.05	Danville,	5.00
New York,	5.00	Sunbury,	5.40

The afternoon train connects at Sunbury with the P. & E. 5.15 p. m. train going West; arrives at Williamsport 8.30; Rock Haven 9.55 p.m., and with the Northern Central 4.50 p. m., leaving Harrisburg 7.40 p. m., and Baltimore 10.05 p. m. Also with the Sunbury and Lewistown Railroad.

Comfortable and handsome Coaches on this new route.

J. HERVEY KASE, Superintendent.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority and order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Jacob Beckenbach, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26th, 1872,

a large quantity of valuable lands situate in Franklin township in said county, described as follows: The homestead farm of the decedent lying in Franklin township in Columbia county bounded by lands of Philip Mowrey, Philip Monhardt, lands of Yetter's heirs, lands of Moses Hower, lands of H. J. Reeder, lands of John Weaver, lands of Wm. Sweppenheiser, lands of John Hower, George Scott and others, containing

TWO HUNDRED and FORTY-EIGHT ACRES

and twenty-nine perches—thereon are erected a large brick Dwelling House, a large Bank Barn, sheds and outhouses, with a large apple and fruit orchard, with a well at the house, and a spring and a well at the barn, and a second excellent and large spring on the south side of the farm. There is on the farm

TWENTY ACRES OF TIMBER.

The property lies three miles from Catawissa on the public road leading from that place to Elysburg. The neighborhood good and healthy, and the land in an excellent state of cultivation. No more desirable property has been offered for many years. ALSO, at 10 o'clock a. m., one undivided six-sevenths—adjoining lands of S. Artley, Wm. George, C. Artley and others. To be disposed of in one piece, or in three lots of about

TWENTY ACRES EACH,

as shall be deemed most expedient. The whole property will be offered and the title to the one-seventh, made to the purchasers.

ALSO, will be offered a tract of land adjoining H. F. Clark, lands of Stocker & Gingles, lands of P. Monhardt and Reeder, containing

SEVENTY-THREE ACRES

and eighty-four perches, whereon are erected a brick dwelling house, a bank barn, wagon house a spring house and all other necessary outbuildings. There is also on the premises a tenant house and blacksmith shop. There is also a spring of excellent water, a good orchard and fruit of all kinds, with about four acres of chestnut timber. All in excellent order and cultivation.

The lands will be offered at the Homestead in the order advertised.

THE GRAIN in the GROUND is RESERVED.

Possession of the timber tracts, immediately upon paying the purchase money or securing the same to be paid. And possession of the farm on the first of April, A. D. 1872, upon compliance with the conditions. Stamps and conveyances to be at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.

ALSO—At the same time and place the following personal property, to wit: Four hundred bushels of wheat, five hundred bushels of corn, three hundred bushels of oats, one hundred and fifty bushels of potatoes, buckwheat and cloverseed, and ten tons of hay and many other articles of property.

C. A. L. ROSENBAUER,
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
Administrators.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

jan. 5,'72-ts.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority and order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Jacob Beckenbach, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 26th, 1872,

a large quantity of valuable lands situate in Franklin township in said county, described as follows: The homestead farm of the decedent lying in Franklin township in Columbia county bounded by lands of Philip Mowrey, Philip Monhardt, lands of Yetter's heirs, lands of Moses Hower, lands of H. J. Reeder, lands of John Weaver, lands of Wm. Sweppenheiser, lands of John Hower, George Scott and others, containing

TWO HUNDRED and FORTY-EIGHT ACRES

and twenty-nine perches—thereon are erected a large brick Dwelling House, a large Bank Barn, sheds and outhouses, with a large apple and fruit orchard, with a well at the house, and a spring and a well at the barn, and a second excellent and large spring on the south side of the farm. There is on the farm

TWENTY ACRES OF TIMBER.

The property lies three miles from Catawissa on the public road leading from that place to Elysburg. The neighborhood good and healthy, and the land in an excellent state of cultivation. No more desirable property has been offered for many years. ALSO, at 10 o'clock a. m., one undivided six-sevenths—adjoining lands of S. Artley, Wm. George, C. Artley and others. To be disposed of in one piece, or in three lots of about

TWENTY ACRES EACH,

as shall be deemed most expedient. The whole property will be offered and the title to the one-seventh, made to the purchasers.

ALSO, will be offered a tract of land adjoining H. F. Clark, lands of Stocker & Gingles, lands of P. Monhardt and Reeder, containing

SEVENTY-THREE ACRES

and eighty-four perches, whereon are erected a brick dwelling house, a bank barn, wagon house a spring house and all other necessary outbuildings. There is also on the premises a tenant house and blacksmith shop. There is also a spring of excellent water, a good orchard and fruit of all kinds, with about four acres of chestnut timber. All in excellent order and cultivation.

The lands will be offered at the Homestead in the order advertised.

THE GRAIN in the GROUND is RESERVED.

Possession of the timber tracts, immediately upon paying the purchase money or securing the same to be paid. And possession of the farm on the first of April, A. D. 1872, upon compliance with the conditions. Stamps and conveyances to be at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.

ALSO—At the same time and place the following personal property, to wit: Four hundred bushels of wheat, five hundred bushels of corn, three hundred bushels of oats, one hundred and fifty bushels of potatoes, buckwheat and cloverseed, and ten tons of hay and many other articles of property.

C. A. L. ROSENBAUER,
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
Administrators.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

jan. 5,'72-ts.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

THE BLOOMSBURG LITERARY INSTITUTE
AND
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
will open on
MONDAY, JANUARY 8th, 1872,
under the entire control of the
BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

They have selected as Principal of the Institution

CHARLES G. BARKLEY,

a gentleman whose qualifications have been fully tested and proved in the NINE YEARS in which he has had charge of the schools of the County as superintendent; and they feel, and have a right to demand, for him and the Institution, the confidence and support of our own citizens, and of the friends of the enterprise and of education everywhere. In point of comfort, convenience and beauty of buildings and surroundings, no school in the State surpasses this; and we are determined it shall not be second in the kind, quality and thoroughness of its discipline and culture.

CALENDAR.

The winter session of twelve weeks will commence on

Monday, January 8th, 1872,

and close
MARCH 28th.

The Spring session of twelve weeks will begin
MONDAY, APRIL 8TH,
and close
JUNE 28TH.

EXPENSES:

Tuition and Boarding, including washing and heat, for the session of twelve weeks, $80 00.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Tuition for day pupils, one dollar per week. In the model school, from fifty to eighty cents per week. Music, Drawing, Painting, &c., extra. Bills payable, one half in advance and the other half at the middle of the session.

J. G. FREEZE, Secretary. I. L. RUPERT, President.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order and decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, John Hicks, Enoch Kester and Perry John were, on application of the "Roaring Creek Monthly Meeting of Friends," authorized to sell for said "Monthly Meeting," a piece of ground consisting of less than an acre, and lying and being on the northwest side of Fourth Street, in the town of Catawissa, county of Columbia, and known by the appurtenances. And they will expose the same to sale on the premises at one o'clock in the afternoon, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 31, 1872,

When and where the terms of sale will be made known, and due attendance given by

JOHN HICKS,
ENOCH KESTER,
PERRY JOHN.

Com. of the Roaring Creek Monthly Meeting.
Jan. 5th, 1872—12ts

$75 A MONTH to sell our Universal Cement, Combination Tunnel, Button Hole Cutter, and other articles. SACO NOVELTY CO., Saco, Me. b2w4

Rifles, Shot-Guns, Revolvers

Gun materials of every kind. Write for Price List, to Great Western Gun Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Army guns and Revolvers bought or traded for. Agents wanted. b2-4w

$10 from 50 cents.

12 Samples sent (postage paid) for Fifty Cents, that retail easily for Ten Dollars.
b2w4 E. L. WOLCOTT, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED. A complete History of CHICAGO AND ITS DESTRUCTION. 1,000 copies sold. In English and German. Price $2.50.

CAUTION Since issuing this work, smaller and inferior histories are offered, do not buy the book you buy is Upton & Sheahan, a full octavo, 859 inches, nearly 250 pages, and over 75 illustrations. Send 50 cts for outfit, with choice of territory. Also, two beautiful Chromos, CHICAGO AS IT WAS, and CHICAGO IN FLAMES. Circulars and terms free. Profits large. Union Publishing Company, Chicago, Philadelphia, or Cincinnati. b2w4

$5,000 REWARD was paid by Congress to Dr. Kane to be given to a lady for her bravery and skill in saving emigrants from the Indians.

"My Captivity Among the Sioux"

is a history of her life as a prisoner among them. A wonderful story endorsed by army officers, Congressmen, &c. Splendid inducements to agents to sell this and other works, including the best FAMILY BIBLE. Write at once to Quaker City Publishing Company, 217 and 219 Quince Street, Philadelphia b2w4

Real Estate Sales.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 27th, 1872,

at 10 o'clock A. M., the following real estate, late of John Richards, deceased, to-wit: all that Certain message and

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Montour township, in said county, containing about

ONE HUNDRED & SIXTY ACRES,

bounded by lands of John Quick, Wm. G. Quick, Frank Evans and others, whereon are erected a Dwelling House, good Barn and all the necessary outbuildings, there is also a large quantity of fine stone upon the premises.

SAMUEL B. DEMMY,
Executor.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half the purchase money to be paid as follows, viz: Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation absolute, and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter, with interest on the same from confirmation nisi. And the remaining one-half to Franklin Thornton upon his arriving at the age of twenty-one years with yearly interest thereon from the nisi confirmation of the sale, or in the case of the death of the said Thornton before arriving at the age of twenty-one years, then at the time when he would have arrived at that age in case of continued life, to the party or parties who shall succeed to his right and interest in said money pursuant to the provisions of the will of John Richards, deceased, with interest as aforesaid.

B. H. RINGLER,
jan. 5,'72-ts. Clerk.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of

THE COLUMBIAN.

Bloomsburg, Friday, Jan. 19, 1872.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

COE, WETHERILL & Co., No. 927 Chestnut Street, are our only authorized Agents in Philadelphia.

C. M. MURPHY, Esq., is our authorized Agent at Centralia to transact any business pertaining to the COLUMBIAN Office.

☞ All advertisements for the forgoing localities must be endorsed by these Agents, or they will receive no attention. tf.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	8:34 A. M.	6:37 P. M.
Accommodation	4:30 P. M.	9:05 A. M.
Express	6:12 P. M.	10:21 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
4:12 P. M.	10:08 A. M.

LOCAL.

WE learn that the wheat has suffered by the alternate freezing and thawing of the past few weeks.

WE are under obligations to Geo. W. Childs for a copy of the *Public Ledger* Almanac for 1872.

IN our report of the temperature of Bloomsburg, for December, the maximum is given as 39°. It should have been 59°.

WILLIAM UNANGST has purchased the Walnut Hotel in Light Street for $2,000 and will open it to the public on the 1st of April.

THE sale of the real estate of Frederick Shaffer, late of Centre township, has been continued to January 29th, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

THE Pennsylvania Central R. R. Co. have leased the Danville, Hazleton & Wilkesbarre R. R. for a term of 33 years; the lease to commence on the 1st of March.

WE notice that in the vote on the abolition of the Income Tax in the House of Representatives at Washington, Mr. Mercur voted against the measure and in favor of the continuance of the Tax.

THE upper portions of Columbia County have always been pretty well supplied with squirrels, but Chester County, if the truth be told, is ahead. White squirrels of the gray and red species are caught there.

WE learn that Miss Ohl of Bloomsburg, very nearly lost her life on Saturday last, by falling from the cars at Danville just as they were about starting. She was fortunately rescued without injury.

THEY do better in Lock Haven in the way of snow storms than we do here. The last fall of snow which merely whitened the ground with us, made excellent sleighing in Lock Haven—some four or five inches of snow having accumulated.

THE importance of giving *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* to horses that have been out in the cold rain, stood in cold wind, or drank too much cold water, cannot be over estimated; no man should be without them who owns a good horse.

IN the last number of the *Columbian* the insurance paid Mr. W. B. Koons on his house is stated to be $900. It should have been $9,000.

The companies in which he held policies were the Aetna, Royal and Wyoming, and the amounts due from each were paid in full.

THE fourteenth fizzle in the way of a snow storm took place on Tuesday. People have rather lost faith in the ability of this Winter to get up a first class article of the kind. Under the influence of a few such seasons sleigh making would become one of the lost arts. The fifteenth attempt came off on Wednesday.

THE vagaries of the thermometer lately are more exciting than pleasing. Nature seems determined to upset all the rules which ought to govern this season of the year. The fact that one day is warm enough for Spring clothing is no criterion that the next day will not be cold enough to freeze everything solid. Looked at philosophically this winter is a failure.

ON Friday last, through the carelessness of some of the railroad hands, a collision took place, at the switch below the station at this place, whereby three limestone cars, belonging to the Bloomsburg Iron Co., were considerably injured and a car of the Brown Line badly wrecked. The latter now lies on its side near the track, a striking monument of railroad uncertainties.

WE were pained to see, not long since, in one of our exchanges, some pretty severe remarks addressed to several persons who, during an interesting lecture by Rev. Jno. S. C. Abbott, kept a continuous coughing, which prevented many from hearing. People who cannot refrain from coughing, had better stay away from such places, or else take a bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* with them.

THE *Miltonian* gives an account of a freight train sailing into Milton, some years since, with a fine calf perched on the cow catcher, which was afterwards discovered to have been taken on at Catawissa. The innocent creature rode the twenty-five miles without injury, and was taken off by an employee of the company, sent to the country, and in a couple of years matured into a fine cow.

SENATOR BUCKALEW has been appointed on the following committees in the Senate: Constitutional Reform, Congressional Apportionment, Federal Relations, Education and Public Printing (chairman). Capt. Brockway is on the following Committees in the House: Judiciary General, Judiciary Local, Constitutional Reform, Counties and Townships, Bureau of Statistics, Labor and Co-operation and Federal Relations.

ISAAC WOODRUFF of Rush township, Northumberland county, had a bull which wandered to the house of a neighbor, Wm. Clark, whilst the men of the family were thrashing at the barn. The bull got under the straw stack and was there forty days and forty nights after which he released himself and walked a mile. When weighed he was found to have lost just half his weight. The bull still lives and if any of our readers doubt the story we refer them to him for corroboration.

M. P. LUTZ sells the Alexander Kid Gloves at $1.00 per pair and warrants every pair.

CHAS. HOLLAND RIDDER will deliver a lecture this (Friday) evening, in Danville. Subject: "Dry as dust, the Historian."

A FIRE broke out on Saturday night last in Muncy, and destroyed three buildings belonging to Mrs. Gen. Petriken. Her loss amounts to $3,000, with no insurance. The other losses are not stated. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

ON Monday last as Mr. Schrivogle, of Cherry, was binding a load of hay his horses were frightened at something and starting forward suddenly, caused him to fall off the load and striking on his head dislocated his neck so as to cause his death a day or two after.—*Sullivan Democrat.*

MR. W. B. KOONS has already begun the work of removing the ruins of his late residence preparatory to building. Such energy is really commendable. No one in Bloomsburg has suffered so met with from fire as Mr. Koons, having suffered losses no less than three times, and it would not have been remarkable if he had abandoned in despair any future ideas of building. We wish him success and better luck in the time to come.

APPOINTING SUPERINTENDENTS.—In the last number of the Pennsylvania *School Journal* it is recommended that the present school law be so changed that county superintendents may be appointed by the State superintendent, instead of being elected as at present by the school directors. This plan might work well if the chief officer could at all times be removed from party politics. That being almost impossible the present method of electing seems to be the better plan.

RUNAWAY accidents seem to be unusually numerous in different parts of the country judging from reports published in the papers. Whether this is due to unskillful driving or fractious horses we are unable to state. As this county furnishes but few cases we are led to the belief that either the drivers here are of a superior order or else that the horses have too much common sense to risk their lives and limbs in order to enjoy the fleeting pleasure of smashing a wagon to bits.

THE Boston *Times* says: "Suppose it to be 100 miles from Boston to Portland. A locomotive starts at 12 o'clock from Boston, going 50 miles the first hour, 25 miles the second, 12½ miles the third, and so on each hour, travelling the remaining distance, when will it reach the depot at Portland? A reward of $1,000 awaits any person who, by a mathematical calculation, can arrive at the exact hour."

WE find the above going the rounds of the papers. The answer is simple: The locomotive would never quite reach Portland, as a little study of the problem will show.

A SINGULAR accident happened to a gentleman from this town whilst driving through the streets of Danville a few days since. One end of a large scarf which he wore around his neck became entangled in the wheel, the other end remaining around his neck. The horse was fortunately trained to stop at the word of command, otherwise the gentleman would undoubtedly have been strangled. Some men who saw the occurrence hastened to his assistance, and were obliged to cut the scarf in pieces in order to release him from his unpleasant situation. Moral: if you wear a scarf look at both ends of it.

INTEREST ON NOTES.—It has just been decided, and it is no doubt good law, that a note bearing interest at 10 per cent. for a specified time, if not paid at the time stipulated the holder cannot demand after that date more than six per cent., as the excess of interest was a subject of contract, which closed at the expiration of the time stated on the face of the note.

We find the above going the rounds of our exchanges. It is not altogether true, as no more than six per cent. can be collected on any note at a suit at law. Six per cent. is the legal rate, and anything above that is not collectable through the courts.

THE GALAXY for February is fully up to the high standard of excellence which it has so long maintained. In the coming year we are promised an intellectual feast in the contributions of writers of acknowledged ability, notably Chas. Reade, Trollope, Justin McCarthy, J. W. De Forest and Mrs. Edwards. Judge Black will furnish a series of papers, General Custer a number of articles on "Life on the Plains," and Mr. Edward Crapsey will continue his sketches of low life in the great cities.

The different departments of the GALAXY will be edited with that ability and care which have made this magazine the first in the country. Published by Sheldon & Co., New York.

IT is rather an odd thing, that the advent of fat poultry should call forth a desire to obtain them by other means than that of purchase. Yet such is the case, and simultaneously with the appearance of turkeys, chickens and geese in fine condition, appears the mania for raffles. We are not sure that a turkey tastes any better for being won by luck instead of bought by money but a great many people must do so, judging from the number of raffles which take place during the cold weather. Bloom does not appear to suffer from the epidemic to any great extent which argues a stringent money market or perhaps—can it be—a high moral sense of correctness which militates against the practice!

SHARP PRACTICE.—The following story comes to us from Harrisburg. A gentleman formerly of Bloomsburg, having met an old friend, engaged him in conversation until a late hour at night and upon retiring the two occupied the same room. Both awakened in the morning with an overpowering thirst and in consequence ordered liquids to be brought. Some doubts existing in the mind of the first named gentleman as to the material used in compounding the beverage, the waiter was desired to state what it was. His asseverations not carrying conviction with them, he was told to hold up his right hand which being done, a formal oath was administered "You do solemnly swear" &c. This solemn procedure being finished the bill for the liquids was announced to be fifty cents. "That's square" said the ex-Bloomsburgian, "*I always charge fifty cents for administering an oath!*"

MR. THOMAS GEDDIS has bought the property on the corner of Third and Railroad streets for $1800. Jos. B. Vandersliee was the former owner.

REV. MR. HEWITT, rector of St. Paul's Church of this place, has returned after an absence of two weeks, and will hold services at the Church on Sunday next.

MR. CHRIS. KLEIM, long associated with the firm of Moyer Bros. in this town, has purchased the drug store of E. P. Lutz, on Main street, and will enter into possession immediately. Mr. Kleim purposes keeping a drug store of the best description.

QUITE a number of new students have been added to the Normal School during the past week and others are continually arriving. We believe that during the coming year the aggregate of pupils will be as large as at any time in the history of the School.

WHO but one that had been there could have given expression to quaildem? this scandalous bit of realistic "Now is the time to rally to the festive donation party. A donation party is a cheerful gathering, where a poor clergyman's flock overwhelm him with bead watch-pockets and eat up about $112 worth of his winter provisions."

A TOWN as large as Bloomsburg ought to have a course of lectures, every Winter, and the lecturers should be persons of acknowledged ability. Really good lecturers are well worth hearing and there are particular educated people enough in Columbia county to support a course. Other towns no larger than Bloomsburg, in this and adjoining States, have a regular Winter course under the auspices of some educational institution or committee of citizens and we should be able to do as much. It is probably too late to secure lecturers of the kind desired, for this season, but it is to be hoped that next year, we may do better.

SEASONABLE SUGGESTIONS.—Coughs and colds are among the common complaints of winter, and it is not unfrequently the case that the afflicted person protract the inconvenience for weeks when early attention would arrest the evil. They take "remedies," and defeat those remedies by fatigue and exposure. Two or three days at the beginning given to nursing and complete repose and shelter, with such simple appliances and medicaments as are readily attainable, will usually "break" any cold, and restore the sufferer to complete health. The first loss of time in such cases in the shortest and the easiest. To expect nature to repel disease, and recuperate under steady and continued pressure, is to exact too much of the vital resources.

KEEPING TO ONE THING.—We frequently entreat every young man, after he has chosen his vocation, to stick to it. Don't leave it because he'll have to be struck, or disagreeable work performed. Those who have worked their way up to wealth and usefulness do nothing to the shiftless and unstable class, but may be reckoned among such as took off their coats, rolled up their sleeves, conquered their prejudices against labor, and manfully bore the heat and burden of the day. Whether upon the old farm, where our fathers toiled diligently, striving to bring the soil to productiveness—on the machine shop, or factory, or the thousand other business places that invite honest toil and skill, by the motto ever to, Perseverance and Industry.

LAST week, as a gentleman named Voght, accompanied by two ladies, was driving a span of horses from Catawissa down the river, he was overtaken by a train of cars on the Danville, Hazleton and Wilkesbarre R. R. On meeting the approaching train, Mr. Voght and the ladies got out of the wagon, and the former endeavored to restrain the frightened animals. They plunged and dragged Mr. Voght up the embankment, and when the train passed he was struck by the engine, knocking him down and tearing his clothes in different places, but fortunately inflicting no serious injury. Whilst on the ground the horses and wagon passed over him, but without hurting him. The runaway animals ran into a pile of rails a short distance from the scene of the accident, and stopped without doing themselves any harm. We think this is about the narrowest escape on record.

INTERESTING religious services have been held in the Methodist Episcopal Church of this place for nearly three weeks past, and are still in progress. An earnest effort is making to impress upon the community the solemnity and paramount importance of sacred things. We are glad to know not only that these meetings have been largely attended, but that, in a most good degree, they have been successful. The things which receive our utmost constant attention are amazingly small compared with the greater things we systematically neglect.

The usual order of exercises is the delivery of a discourse touching upon some part of the religious duty, after which, for an hour, more or less, prayers are offered and pointed and earnest appeals made to the congregation. There are subjects in which we are all vitally concerned. If the pulpit should fail death will certainly succeed in enforcing them on our attention.

THE fine large brick building just erected by Messrs. Lowenberg and Cadmen, on Main street, is an ornament to the town. It is well and substantially built of brick, with high ceilings and wide hallways. Mr. Lowenberg will occupy one half of the building, having a store on the first floor for his stock of cloths and clothing, and a large workroom for his hands on the second floor. Mr. Cadmen will have his furniture rooms on the opposite side. The doors and windows are of great size, and will give a fine effect to the front. The glass of Mr. Lowenberg's store will be immense single plates. When finished, the two stores will not be surpassed by any other in town. The fire which last summer destroyed the wooden buildings where this now stands, although a misfortune at the time, has resulted in a public blessing. "Every cloud has a silver lining," it is said, and in this case the lining is very bright and shining. When Main street is built up on either side with such houses, from East to West street, Bloomsburg real estate will be worth owning.

YOU can get J. & P. Coats or Clark's O. N. S. spool cotton at M. P. Lutz for 85 cts. per doz.

COLDS are very prevalent just now, in fact most people have either a "bad" or a "slight" one. There are two rules, which if observed, will do much towards a cure. Keep your feet dry and do not go suddenly from a warm room into the keen air without sufficient clothing. Simple rules but reliably effective.

IT is not to be expected that civilized communities should learn much of value from the "Heathen Chinee," and yet those benighted rat-eating Celestials have one practice which might be profitably adopted by most educated communities. They pay all their bills on the first of January of each year, and start free from encumbrances for the ensuing twelve months. If this plan could be carried out it would exercise a beneficial effect on trade and materially diminish the number of failures and suspensions among business men. Long credits have destroyed as many merchants as have speculations.

LOOK AT THIS.—The Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association has just closed its first year showing $28,401.45 received during the year. It has supplied 220 loans at an average Premium of $78.27 per share. Total number of shares 1511; value of stock $25.25 per share; total assets $47,600 with less than $7000 Liabilities, and these being advanced payments. The working of the Association during the year proves it to be one of the best for the borrower in this section of the State and certainly a safe place for investment. Borrow or can obtain stock at late prices.

WE make a suggestion in an exchange which commends itself strongly to our taste. Do all our school houses should contain a certain number of pictures. Children are usually fond of them, and they would certainly exert a good influence. Spirited and well executed engravings or lithographs can be obtained at a trifling expense, and would relieve the bare walls which render many of our school rooms so positively unattractive in appearance. Historical pictures or portraits of distinguished men might be used to advantage in the illustration of the ordinary studies of the schools. We believe the plan would be a good one.

Keep With the Leaders.

Is it that we are growing old or have the waters deteriorated of late years? There does not seem to be as much genuine pleasure in the cold months as of old. It is not many years ago that we used to look forward to Winter with the most blissful anticipations, but now-a-days it is rather with forebodings of evil that we await the coming of the Frost Kings. Expectations of wet feet, numbed limbs, and a general sense of bodily discomfort are much more vividly before us than are the delights which we used to welcome. We are inclined to admit that the fault lies altogether in us; we think there is some way due to the age in which we live. The truth is that out-door exercise is no longer appreciated as it once was. If our shows and modern education have taken not only the bloom from the cheeks of our young people, but all the desire to replace it. "Deportment" is proving too much for this generation. We can remember when skating, sleighing and coasting parties were chuck-full of joyous merriment and delight and to participate in, girls and boys alike bent on enjoyment. We fancy that it would be a young maiden of very tender years who would consent now to occupy a sled next down a hill. Sleighing parties are not exactly used to be generally sparkling. The old time sparkle and fun are gone and their places have not been filled by anything better. We are no advocates of extreme cant of dressing, for there is such a thing as being so prudently proper as to take out all of value from what was intended for amusement, and leave it as lifeless and dull as a funeral procession composed of clergymen to the dead man. Young girls spend far too much time in arranging the multitudinous articles which compose the costume of the period, and no man is providing for their future health. Nature resents the sacrifice of the lives of beings for the enjoyment and the bright eyes which exercise in the open air give are never acquired by indolence.

It may be barely possible that we are yet old fashioned for the times, and all these things may be right which are done in our day, but thank Heaven we don't believe so.

Life Insurance.

The history of Life Insurance furnishes no such instance of popularity as is the case of the "Continental," of New York. It increases double the amount of business of any other company, with but a very few exceptions, and issued more policies in 1870 than any other company in the world. It claims a larger business and a lower ratio of expense to income than have ever been attained by any other company at a corresponding period in its history. The question then comes: what is the cause of the remarkable record of the "Continental?" In reply, we simply answer that the Continental is not only secured by the laws of New York, but its principal aim has been to accommodate the policy holder, and in no way to take advantage of its members. The following are some of the special features of the "Continental:"

PURE MUTUALITY, as the entire surplus of the company belongs to the policy holders.

ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION OF SURPLUS on the "contribution plan."

ECONOMY OF MANAGEMENT; only one other New York company showing as low a ratio of expense to income, during the years 1868 and 1870, according to the official returns to the Massachusetts Insurance Department.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE in accordance with the explicit terms which are embodied in the written policy.

THIRTY DAYS' GRACE.—Should the date of the premium, accidentally or otherwise, be allowed to pass without payment of the same, the policy holder has the privilege of paying it at any time within thirty days thereafter, the policy being held in force during that time.

NO EXTRA PREMIUM FOR TRAVEL on FOREIGN RESIDENCE.—Persons insured in this company are permitted, without extra charge of premium, to go to or return from any part of the world, and to reside anywhere excepting between latitude 32 north and the tropic of Capricorn.

POLICIES INCONTESTIBLE for the customary causes.

POLICY HOLDERS have a voice in the elections and management of the company.

No charge is made for policy or medical examination.

YOU can get J. & P. Coats or Clark's O. N. S. spool cotton at M. P. Lutz for 85 cts. per doz.

ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY.—Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa. Spring Term begins January 23d, 1872. The Classics, Modern Languages, Common, and Higher English taught. For particulars address

I. E. SCHOONOVER, Principal,
or M. A. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
p2 3w.

The Books of H. L. Dieffenbach, late publisher of the *Columbian*, have been left with the undersigned for immediate collection. All amounts for Job work and advertising that are not paid at or before February Court are directed to be then collected by law. All subscriptions that are not paid before the 1st day of April, 1872, are also directed to be collected by law after that date.

v6n44tf C. W. MILLER.

MARRIAGES.

MEISNER—MOWRY.—At Nuangola, on the 7th inst., by Peter Swank, Esq., Mr. Conrad Meisner, of Luzerne co., to Miss Sarah Mowry, of the same place.

EVES—MATHER.—On the 11th, at the Revere House, Lackawaxen, by Elder I. Redenbaugh, Mr. Ezra T. Eves, of Millville, and Miss Alice A. Mather, all of Columbia co.

MYERS—DIETTERICH.—On the 13th inst., by Samuel Dietterich, Esq., in Centreville, Daniel Myers to Margaret E. Dietterich, of Mount Pleasant tp.

KRIEBE—MENSCH.—On Tuesday, Dec. 26, by the Rev. S. Curtis, Mr. Amandus Kriebe to Miss Mathea Mensch, both of Catawissa.

HESS—BAKER.—On the 10th inst., by the Rev. A. Heeps, Mr. Frank M. Hess to Miss Sarah S. Zaner, both of Fishing Creek tp.

DAVIS—HESS.—On Sept. 28th, 1871, at the residence of the bride, by I. K. Kricksmith, Esq., Mr. Thomas Davis to Miss Lavina Hess, both of Benton.

MARR—GARMAN.—On Dec. 28, at the residence of John Buckle, in Benton, by the same, Mr. Elmer Marr to Mrs. Elmira Garman, both of Benton.

DEATHS.

FETTERMAN.—On the 21 inst., at Fountain Springs, Butler co., Samuel Hill Fetterman, formerly of Columbia Co., aged 62 yrs. 11 months and 9 days.

Deceased was a highly respected citizen, and had note sons in the war, who all enlisted at Fountain Springs, two of whom lost their lives early in the battle of Fredericksburg, one as a prisoner at Andersonville—and one (George), now a resident of Fountain Springs, who lost an arm in front of Richmond. Deceased was buried in Fountain Springs on Thursday afternoon last. The funeral was largely attended.—*Mineral Journal.*

MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

Flour	$7.25
Rye "	7.00
Corn "	45
Oats "	37
Flour per bushel	4.00
Clover "	7.00
Beef	7
Butter	35
Eggs	25
Lard	10
Potatoes	40
Dried Apples	10
Hams	16
Shoulders	12
Tallow	10
Limburger cheese	20

A BODY AND MIND DESTROYER.—Such is dyspepsia. The stomach and the brain are too intimately united for the one to suffer without its fellow, so that dyspeptics and despondency are synonyms. It may be added, too, that irritation of the stomach, if neglected, soon passes by irritation of the temper.

The invigorating and tranquilizing operation of Hostetter's Bitters is most powerfully developed in cases of indigestion. The first effect of this agreeable tonic is comforting and encouraging. A mild glow pervades the system, the chronic uneasiness in the region of the stomach is lessened, and the nervous restlessness which characterizes dyspepsia, is abated. This improvement is not transient. It is first succeeded by the return of the old symptoms with respectabled force, as is always the case when unnatural stimulants are given for the complement. Each succeeding dose imparts a permanent access of healthful invigoration, that this is not all. The aperient and anti-bilious properties of the vegetable specific referred to, operate in the same manner, and in the biliary organs in their normal order, it is toned and regulated. The effect upon the alimentary organs is equally salutary. In cases of constipation this cathartic medicine, if not sufficient to arrange the desired result gradually and without pain. The Bitters are a popular remedy for sea sickness, and in southern climates, especially contagious at this season when sudden spells of rain, chilly and warm weather alternate, to check the malarial poison, and prevent its spread in any of the forms in which it exists, especially remarks.

NEW

GOODS

AT

M. P. LUTZ'S,

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

For Every Body.

CALL AND MAKE YOUR OWN SELECTIONS.

SHAWLS

At Last Year's Prices.

NO ADVANCE ON PRINTS.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT

OF

DRESS GOODS

IN BLOOMSBURG.

BROWER'S BLOCK,

NEXT TO COURT HOUSE.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

DOWN IN PRICE

J. H. MAIZE'S,

Corner Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG.

A new stock of Fresh Goods just opened at MAIZE'S.

Teas, Coffees, Sugars,

SYRUPS and MOLASSES, CHEESE, MEATS, SALT, FISH, etc.

VEGETABLES, HERMETICALLY Sealed Goods,

JELLIES and PRESERVES, PICKLES,

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUITS.

An Elegant Assortment

OF

QUEENSWARE

Constantly on hand.

Also WOOD, WILLOW and GLASSWARE of every variety.

All my goods are of the first quality and at extremely low prices.

dec8 71-tf J. H. MAIZE.

BRIGGS & BROTHER'S Catalogue of Flower and Vegetable SEEDS.

AND

SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS, FOR 1872, Now ready. Consisting of over 130 pages, on nice tinted paper, with upwards of 400 separate cuts, and six Beautiful Colored Plates Covers, a beautiful design, in colors. The Tribune Catalogue ever published. Send 25cts for copy, not one-half the value of the colored plates, in the first order, amounting to not less than $1, the price of Catalogue, 25c, will be refunded in seeds. New customers placed on the same foot with old. Free to all customers. Quality of seeds, size of packets, prices and premiums offered, make it to the advantage of all to purchase seeds of us. New Catalogue for extraordinary inducements.

You will miss it if you do not see our Catalogue before ordering Seeds.

Either of our two Chromos for 1872, size 20x24—one a flower piece of Balmoral Plants, consisting of Lilies, &c.—the other of Annual, Biennial and Perennial Plants, guaranteed the

MOST ELEGANT FLORAL CHROMOS

ever issued in this country. A superb parlor ornament; mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 75c.; also free, on conditions specified in Catalogue. Address

BRIGGS & BROTHER,
Seedsmen and Florists, ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

WANTED.

AN ACTIVE AGENT in every County to take orders for Lyon Manufacturing Co's improved New Family Sewing Machine.

"VICTOR"

General Office for Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware,

No 127 CHESTNUT St., PHILA.

J. L. FRANCOME, Gen. Agt.

PROFITABLE BUSINESS.

Will be given one or two persons, of either sex, in this county and adjoining towns, by which they may realize from $50 to $100 a year, with but little interference with their present occupation. We have a most desirable article, in every family, and universal use. If this whole time is devoted a much larger sum may be realized. Circulars free, giving address for article, and commissions allowed. T. S. COOK & CO., Hinsdale, N. H.

PERFECT COMBUSTION.

SIGNAL LIGHT.

The First and only safe-burning Kerosene Coal Stove ever invented. Clean and Perfect.

We warrant the BEST HEATING STOVE in the country.

Send for Price List and Circular to
SIGNAL STOVE MANUFACTURING CO.,
Stove Manufacturers, Pittsburgh, Pa.

COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OF PICTON AND DIRECTORS.

W. H. DIEFFENBACH, Pres't.	HENRY CRAVEN,
H. W. LOVE, Vice Pres't.	WM. PARKER,
HIRAM THOMAS, Sec'y.	A. H. SCHNEIDER,
J. F. CHRYACKE, Treas'r.	J. M. STERN,
J. H. BACHMAN,	M. J. STRICKLER,
GEO. DIEFFENBACH,	H. T. RYON.

For Insurance or Agencies, address
J. F. CHRYACKE, Sec'y, Columbus, Pa.

SILVER TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES

Last as long again as Any other kind,

AT

M. P. LUTZ'S.

A NEW INVENTION—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business new and light. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., Port Land, Maine.

$125 A MONTH—I want Agents already paying $125 a month to sell my new Patent Cloth Wringers. Address H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me.

$20 A DAY AND EXPENSES. Send stamp to Am. Ag. Manufacturing Co., *Detroit, Mich.*

CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS.

Astonishing cures by Drs. Kline and Lindley, of the Philadelphia Cancer Institute, 841 Arch St. Pamphlet free. Branch Offices, by Dr. Mollenhauer, at Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y., and by Dr. Kents, over the Genesee St., Auburn, N. Y.

WONDERFUL CANCER ANTIDOTES.

No Knife, No Caustic Medicines, No Blood, Little Pain. For particulars, call on or address either of the above.

IMPOTENCY.—Victims of early indiscretion, self-abuse, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., will find a sure, speedy, effectual, safe and permanent cure by addressing confidentially Dr. BK WILSON, Post Office, Philadelphia.

$500 REWARD is offered by the proprietors of the Scientific American for a case we cannot cure in any climate.

Agents Wanted for the most complete, reliable and splendid illustrated work on

CHICAGO

Its History and Destruction.

By Colbert & Chamberlain. Exclusive territory and liberal terms. Address, with stamp, for circulars, HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, Cincinnati, Ohio, or Chicago, Ill.

WANTED AGENTS,

$80 to $400 per month, by selling

Great FORTUNES!

And How They Were Made; or, for Sixty Years. GREAT FORTUNES, OR, MEN WHO MADE MONEY, by J. D. McCABE, Jr. By the author of "Lights and Shadows of New York Life," "Great Cities of America," &c. Profusely illustrated. Full particulars, terms of the work, and how to secure territory, sent free. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.

We will send a handsome Prospectus and Canvassing Book, containing over 50 fine engravings illustrative of our work, Agents' terms, &c., free of charge. Address ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Boots and Shoes Made With

CABLE WIRE SCREW

Will not Rip or Leak.

GREAT CHANCE to MAKE MONEY and PLEASE EVERYBODY. THE HOME OF GOD'S PEOPLE, the most successful new book out, is sold by Methodist Preachers, Presbyterian Elders, Baptist Deacons, Sisters and Brothers in every locality. Agents are now doing more than ever before, and no one can be made by any man or woman canvassing unless for this particular work. The best chance to make money offered. Send for circulars with terms, etc. Extra Terms to canvassers offered. Address

WORTHINGTON, DUSTIN & CO., Hartford, Conn.

HISTORY OF

The Great Fires

in CHICAGO and the WEST, by Rev. E. L. G. ave, D. D., of Chicago, a truly complete history. Splendid pages of engravings. 700 pp. already sold. Price $2.50. One agent's profits in 3 days, $15. Profits to sufferers. AGENTS WANTED. H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

WHITNEY'S NEATS FOOT HARNESS SOAP, SPERM OIL FINISH.

Equals Blacking, Dressing and Soaps for the same time. Put up in large and small boxes, also in 2 lb tubs. Has been in use 20 years and gives perfect satisfaction. Send stamp for our WAYBILL. Address G. P. WHITNEY & CO., 36 Milk St., Boston, Mass. 3dec69

JURUBEBA.

It is not a physic—It is not what is popularly called a Bitters—nor is it intended as such. It is a South American plant that has been used for many years by the medical faculty of those countries with wonderful efficacy as a Powerful Alterative and Unequaled Purifier of the Blood and is a correct Perfect Remedy for all Diseases of the

LIVER AND SPLEEN, ENLARGEMENT OR OBSTRUCTION OF INTESTINES URINARY, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, DISEASES, POVERTY OR A WANT OF BLOOD, INTERMITTENT OR REMITTENT FEVERS, INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS, DROPSY, SLUGGISH CIRCULATION OR THE BLOOD AS SCROFULA, TUMORS,

JAUNDICE, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA, AGUE AND FEVER, AND ALL THEIR CONCOMITANTS.

Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba

is offered to the public as a great invigorator and remedy for all the diseases of the blood, or for organic derangement of the different excretory functions.

JURUBEBA

is confidently recommended to every family as a household remedy, and should be freely taken in all derangements of the system. It gives health, vigor and tone to all the vital forces and stimulates and furnishes all waste and is impossible to misunderstand.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 16 Platt St., New York, Sole Agent for the United States.

Price $1 per Bottle. Send for Circular. 1dec4w

CLARK & WOLF'S COLUMN.

LARGE STOCK

OF

FALL GOODS

WHICH ARE NOW IN STORE.

THEY WILL SELL THEM

Low For Cash

OR

PRODUCE.

CLARK & WOLF

HAVE

CALL AND SEE,

Opposite Brown's Hotel

BLOOMSBURG.

We offer a SILK CORDED POPLIN that sold at $1.50 now at $1.25 per yard.

A splendid JAPANESE STRIPE at $1.00 per yard.

A full line of BLACK ALPACA from 30 cents to $1.50 per yard.

Our 87 cent Alpaca can't be beat, our 75 cent Alpaca prime.

And you know our 65 ct. Alpaca is the best in the Market for the money.

A Sixteen bone CORSET at 50 cents.

Our $1.50 Long bone CORSET is worth buying.

Bleached and unbleached MUSLIN, a full stock.

APPLETON A., at 11 cents by the bolt, 15 cents by the yard.

Ladies White Hose,
Ladies Merino Hose,
Ladies Balmoral Hose
Ladies Balbigare, Hose,
Ladies Iron Frame Hose

Ladies FRINGED SUTTING CLOTH for Polonaise at $2.00 per yard.

Fleeced Hose,
Misses one-half Hose
Hose in extra Size
Misses Ribbed Hose
Men Woollen one-half Hose

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS

Ladies Vests
Cardigan Jankets
Ladies Cloth Gloves
Ladies Berlind Gloves
Ladies Buck Gauntlets

WOOL SCARFS, NUBIAS, HOODS.

Buck Gloves
Ladies Fur top Gloves
Gents Fur to Gloves
Buck Gloves and Mittens
Ladies Kid Gloves
Gents Cloth Back Buck Palm Gloves

Shawls of all Kinds.

Ribbons
Velveteens
Empress Cloth
Dress Goods
Dundee Robes
Black Satin
Velvet Ribons
Beaver Cloth

Cassimers and Flanels

OIL CLOTHS 4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 wide.

TEA SETTS of 56 pieces, Iron stone ware at $4.75 per sett.

Our stock of TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, &c., is full and at the lowest figures.

Our stock of NOTIONS is full and complete.

BOOTS and SHOES, a full line.

CLARK & WOLF are closing out their stock of SHAWLS at reduced prices, many of them at cost.

We carried no stock of FURS over from last season, our present stock is large and all new, and we offer them from $2.50 to $25.00 per set.

WATER-PROOF CLOAKING at $1.05, $1.35, $1.50 and $1.75.

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN KITCHEN, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Kitchen late of Sugarloaf twp., Columbia county dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to I. K. Kricksmith, of Benton twp. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

dec8,71-6w. I. K. KRICKBAUM, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JACOB HARRIS, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Harris, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county to William Harris of Hamburg, berks county, Pa., and James A. Harris of Hemlock, Columbia county, Pa. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrators, without delay.

WILLIAM HARRIS,
dec8'71-6w* JAMES A. HARRIS, Administrators.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JAMES GRIMES, DEC'D.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Auditor to distribute funds in the hands of Peter Ent, admin. strator, to and among the heirs and legatees of James Grimes deceased, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, January 13th, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to attend or be forever debarred from coming in for a part of said fund.

dec. 15'71-6w. C. W. MILLER, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ABRAHAM MOSSERMAN, DEC'D.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Auditor to distribute funds in the hands of Oscar P. Ent, Administrator of Abraham Mosserman deceased, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg, Saturday, January 20th, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day. All persons having claims on said estate, are required to attend or be forever debarred from coming in for a part of said fund.

C. W. MILLER, Auditor.

dec8'71-3t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ESTHAUS EVANS, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Esquire Evans, late of Briarcreek township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Daniel Bambach of the same place. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment without delay.

DANIEL BAMBACH, Administrator.

jan5'72-6t*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ECHES ALLEN BUCKALEW, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Buckalew late of Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to John Yaple of New Columbus, Luzerne county, Pa. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrator, without delay.

JOHN YAPLE

Agricultural.

FEED AND TREATMENT OF HORSES.—Hay and oats make the best feed for horses that are obliged to work hard and regularly. If the hay is cut fine and the oats bruised or ground, the whole mixed and moistened, the horse will eat his rations quicker, digest them sooner, and thus have more time for resting and renewing his power for labor. Farmers' horses that work little during the winter time may be kept cheaper by cutting and mixing bright straw and hay in equal quantities, and adding a ration of steamed potatoes or raw carrots. Colts should be fed liberally on good hay—bright clover is best—and bruised oats; give them a roomy box stall in stormy weather and during nights. Litter freely, and do not let the manure accumulate under them. Sawdust or spent tan makes good and convenient bedding; in cities and villages they are often cheaper than straw. Groom horses well and let them have exercise every day; a run in the yard is excellent. See that stable floors over basements are sound and strong. Arrange the feeding racks so that dust and hay seed will not fall into the horses' manes or eyes; some horsemen build their mangers too high, thus forcing the animal to take an unnatural and painful position when eating. Farm horses that are not worked should have their shoes taken off, and those that are driven on the road should be kept well shod.—*Stock Journal.*

REMOVING LARGE TREES.—When it is desirable to move a large tree, the depth of winter—the ground frozen—should be chosen for the operation. Not only deciduous trees, but any kind of evergreens, even hemlocks, the most difficult to remove, may be safely transplanted at this season. It is obvious that the time to prepare for such work is before the ground becomes frozen. A trench should be dug around the tree sufficiently distant from the trunk to leave untouched a large mass of the roots, and sufficiently deep that they may be undermined without being disturbed. It should then be partly filled filled up with leaves or coarse litter, which will preserve the bottom from freezing. In February or March, when the frost is most severe, the litter may be taken out, the tree completely undermined, and the frozen mass of earth around the roots pried out of the hole and placed on a stone-boat. It may now be conveyed to its new home, which should have been prepared and protected from the frost. Sufficient earth from the surface or from some rich spot should have been placed in the bottom of some hole, the tree planted on this, and the hole filled with similar soil. When the spring arrives the tree will settle into its place without further care, except perhaps a little filling up, and will be improved rather than injured.—*Hearth and Home.*

FATTENING FOWLS FOR MARKET.—The fowls desired to be fattened should be placed in small, warm coops, not too many "huddled together," but so that they can have a limited range. As soon as they become reconciled to their new quarters, commence feeding them regularly three times a day—morning, noon and night. In the morning we should feed with cooked corn meal, at noon with cooked oat or barley meal and mashed potatoes; at evening feed them with a mush of corn meal cooked in skim milk, if the milk is procurable. It is said this latter feed gives the flesh a rich golden hue. The coops should be kept scrupulously clean, well supplied with gravel and provided with plenty of fresh water.

If fowls are fed in the manner here indicated, they will fatten in from ten to twelve days, when they should be killed and sent to the market, or else they are liable to disease, and decline rapidly. Old fowls can, in like manner, be fattened perfectly fat in the course of fifteen or twenty days.

VARNISH IN BURNS.—Paris is much interested in a remedy discovered by a workman, who, to relieve the pain from a severe burn, thrust his hand into a pot of varnish which happened to be at his side. The relief was so sudden and the healing of the wound so rapid that the news spread, with the result of bringing to him every one in the neighborhood who had a burn. Many wonderful cures are said to have been performed at the time of the great explosion in Metz, last September, and the discoverer has been summoned to Paris to make some public experiments.—*Journal de Chemie.*

WOOD ASHES FOR WHEAT.—A subscriber sends us the following as his experience in using wood ashes, viz: that in quantities of only eight bushels per acre, they have a marked effect; that they push the wheat forward several days, thus getting it ahead of that critical period when it is so apt to be attacked by rust; that they strengthen the stem and increase its solidity. All of which, and much more, we can readily indorse. In fact ashes are an excellent application for all crops, and especially for an orchard.—*Am. Agriculturalist.*

STOCK at this season of the year, except in the Southern and Western States, can get nothing but what is given to it. This fact should call forth our constant attention. A horse that is worth two hundred dollars now, may, with proper care, be worth fifty dollars more next spring, or, for want of such care, may be worth fifty dollars less. So there is one hundred dollars depending on how we take care of one single animal for four months. The same rule will apply to other animals of less value.

SHOE CALKS.—The slippery state of the roads during the winter makes it necessary for horse shoes to be protected with sharp calks. It is during this season that horses receive the greatest number of serious injuries that result in permanent blemishes or lameness. The greatest caution in driving but especially in turning a team, is necessary, and also in not permitting horses to get loose in the stable or frolic in the yards. A kick becomes a dangerous affair.

IT is said that hay may be made fireproof by sprinkling a layer of salt between each layer of hay. This process is recommended as serving the double purpose of a prevention against fire and rendering the hay more conducive to the health of cattle and more agreeable to their palates.

Young Folks.

How Uncle Peter Saved the Children.

Walter should have known better; but he was always a rash boy. I will tell you what he did last month, at the seaside, where he was staying with his mother. He persuaded his two little sisters, Emma and Eliza, to go with him to a rock on the beach, near the water's edge.

There they staid, playing in the sand, till, all at once, they looked up, and saw that the water of the ocean was all about them. The tide had come up, and crept round the rock, so that they could not get to the dry land without going through water; and that they were afraid to do.

Soon the little girls began to cry. The sea-birds swept down near them; and now and then a fish would come up by the rock as if he did not fear them at all. Walter told the little girls not to make a fuss; though he began to feel a little anxious himself.

All at once he cried out, "There's a boat with some men in it! But it isn't coming this way. A man with a spy-glass stands at the bow. He is spying out something. Why can't he look this way? Halloo, halloo!"

Walter shouted as loud as he could; and then the three children shouted all together; but nobody seemed to hear them. On and on went the little boat before a good breeze; but not one of the five men in it seemed to take notice of the three children on the rock.

"What shall we do now? Shall we have to stay here all night?" asked Emma, the elder sister.

"We couldn't stay here all night," said Walter, "because you see, the rock will be all covered with water at high tide; and if we don't get off before high tide, we shall have to be drowned."

"I don't want to be drowned," sobbed Emma.

"Neither do I want to be drowned," said Walter; "but there is no use in crying. Tears will only add more water to the sea, and there's more water in it already than we want."

The little girl stopped crying at these words, and took care that no more tears should fall from her eyes. She looked at Walter with surprise to see him so brave.

But the little fellow was sly; he had cause for his courage. The boat with the men in it had sailed far away; but not far off he saw Uncle Peter, waving his arms at him. Then he saw Uncle Peter take off his boots, and pull up his trousers. Walter well knew that all would be right the moment Uncle Peter got sight of them on the rock.

Uncle Peter was a clever old fisherman, who caught fish for the hotel where the children were stopping. He was fond of children; and having none of his own, he made much of those of other people. He had taken such a liking to Walter and his sisters that he was on the watch for them a good part of the time to see that they did not get into mischief.

"I declare there's Uncle Peter coming," shouted Emma, with delight.

"Uncle Peter? Nonsense!" said Waller. "Where's Uncle Peter?"

Now Walter knew very well that Uncle Peter was coming, and Walter *ought not to have* pretended that he did not see him. But he wanted to seem brave. Ah, Walter! you had better *be* than *seem*.

"Well, here's a scrape, you little rogues!" said Uncle Peter, as he waded up to the rock, and took one child, then another, in his arms. "Here's a scrape, indeed! What would you have done if I had not been on the lookout for you?"

Then, with his arms full of children, Uncle Peter waded back through the salt water to the beach, and put them all down on the warm, dry sand, where their mother and father were waiting for them.

The parents kissed them all around and then little Emma said, "I think Uncle Peter ought to be kissed, too."

"So he ought, my dear," said her mother, laughing: "and you shall give kisses for all." So Emma gave Uncle Peter five kisses; and Uncle Peter was so pleased that his face shone like a jolly full moon.

Boys and Pumpkin Pies.

What John said was, that he didn't care much for pumpkin pie; but that was after he had eaten a whole one. It seemed to him that mince would be better. The feeling of a boy toward pumpkin pie has never been properly considered. There is an air of festivity about its approach in the fall. The boy is willing to help pare and cut up the pumpkin, and he watches with the greatest interest the stirring up process and the pouring into the scalloped crust. When the sweet savor of the baking reaches his nostrils, he is filled with the most delightful anticipations. Why should he not be? He knows that for months to come the buttery will contain golden treasures, and that it will require only a slight ingenuity to get at them. The fact is, that the boy is as good in the buttery as in any part of farming. His elders say that the boy is always hungry; but that is a very coarse way to put it. He has only recently come into a world that is full of good things to eat, and there is on the whole a very short time in which to eat them; at least he is told among the first informations he receives, that life is short. Life being brief, and pie and the like fleeting, he very soon decides upon an active campaign. It may be an old story to people who have been eating for forty or fifty years, but it is different with a beginner. He takes the thick and thin as it comes, as in pie, for instance. Some people do make them very thin. I know a place where they were not thicker than the poor man's plaster; they were spread so thin upon the crust that they were better fitted to draw out hunger than to satisfy it. They used to be made up by the great oven full, and kept in the dry cellar, where they were hardened and dried to a toughness you would hardly believe. This was a long time ago, and they make the pumpkin pie in the country better now, or the race of boys would have been so discouraged that I think they would have stopped coming into the world.—*C. D. Warner.*

RECENTLY a woman was arraigned before a magistrate for some misdemeanor. The usual questions were put to her: "What is your occupation." "I have none, sir," was the reply. "Well, how do you live?" "I live on provision." She was allowed to go unfined.

Patent Medicines.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous people,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind,

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or *Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs,* and *Barks,* (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore in one Bottle of this Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others: no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use, they cannot make drunkards, and cannot under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefited by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
OR
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
WITH
HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILL,
WILL CURE YOU.
They are the Greatest
BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

The whole SUPREME COURT of Pennsylvania
SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.
Who would ask for more Dignified and Stronger Testimony?

Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, *former Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, a present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania writes:*

PHILADELPHIA, March 16th, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of action in the system. Yours truly
GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

Hon. JAMES THOMSON, *Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMSON.

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, *Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania,*

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1863.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.
GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Hon. Wm. F. Rogers, *Mayor of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.*

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1869.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. James M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport Pa.*

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep my food in my stomach, and I became so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAMES M. WOOD.

REMEMBER
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Will Cure every case of
MARASMUS,
Or Wasting away of the Body.
REMEMBER
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES
Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S
PODOPHYLLIN,
OR
SUBSTITUTE FOR MERCURY PILLS.
TWO PILLS A DOSE.
The most Powerful, Yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.

It is not necessary to take a handfull of these Pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act quickly and powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principle ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching than the Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to the use of that mineral.

For all diseases in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They NEVER FAIL.

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pills. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, REGULATES the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain the hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it.

These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 631 Arch St., Philadelphia.

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers every Whe

Miscellaneous.

I. W. NILES,

MUSIC WAREROOMS

A general assortment of

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE ALWAYS ON HAND.

VIOLINS,

CONCERTINAS,

FLAGOLETS,

FIFES,

DRUMS,

HARMONICAS, &c.

VIOLIN STRINGS OF THE BEST QUALITY

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES AND PRICES.

A BETTER ASSORTMENT OF ORGANS THAN CAN BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

THE TEMPLE ANGELIC ORGAN WHICH HAS THE SWEETEST TONE THAT CAN BE FOUND IN A REED ORGAN.

☞Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Warerooms Main Street, below Market, opposite Coreli's furniture warerooms, Bloomsburg, Pa. aug.25'71-1y

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,
IS AT
E. M. KNORR'S
CHEAPEST AND BEST
The County Affords
AT
CASH PRICES
LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS
IN BOOTS AND SHOES THIS FALL,
Come and Examine
Before Purchasing Elsewhere.
E. M. KNORR,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
September 8 1871-tf.

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE
AND
CUSTOM MADE
CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE
FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES
AND EMPLOYS THE
BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF
BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
At Astonishingly Low Prices.
Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

JOHN G. JACOBY'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!
BERWICK, PENN'A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
CRANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.
BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different Kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread an Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season, Your patronage is solicited. JOHN G. JACOBY.

Berwick, Jan 1'71—tv

AGENTS WANTED.
GREAT INDUCEMENTS!
MORMONISM,
DESCRIPTIVE OF
LIFE IN UTAH.

By a SISTER OF A HIGH PRIEST, one of his victims, who has made her escape after a residence of fifteen years among them. Her affidavits to the Government, crushing evidence against Brigham Young and the Elders. The "Prophet" in court. Trial and sentence of Hawkins. Startling disclosures, *feats, assassinations and victims.* 472 pages, fully illustrated.

Circulars, Terms and full particulars, sent free on application, address
DUFFIELD ASHEAD, Publisher,
dec2'70-tf 711 Sansom Street, Philadelphia

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

Miscellaneous.

MILLER'S STORE.
S. H. MILLER & SON,

have removed their Store to the room formerly occupied by Mendenhall, on Main street, Bloomsburg, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church where they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where. Thier stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
oths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Queensware, Hardware
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which they invite the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON.
Bloomsburg Pa.
oct 13'71—tf

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Fresh arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
DAVID LOWENBERG
invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
at his store on
Main Street, in Shive's block, one door West o C. C. Marr's store,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-GLOTH COATS AND PANTS.
of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.
oct13'71 DAVID LOWENBERG.

ROSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently
PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT
It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and *all diseases of the Blood.*
ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS
will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.
THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS
have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.
DR. T. C. PUGH, of Baltimore.
DR. T. J. BOYKIN, "
DR. R. W. CAER, "
DR. F. O. DANNELLY, "
DR. J. S. SPARKS, of Nicholasville, Ky.
DR. J. D. McCARTHA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. B. NOBLES, Edgecomb, N. C.
USED AND ENDORSED BY
J. B. FRENCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
F. W. SMITH, Jackson, Mich.
A. F. WHEELER, Lima, Ohio.
B. BALL, Lima, Ohio.
CRAVEN & CO., Gordonsville, Va.
SAML. G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Our space will not allow of any extended remarks in relation to the merits of Rosadalis. To the Medical profession we guarantee a Fluid Extract superior to any they have ever used in the treatment of diseased Blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists, price $1.50 per bottle. Address
DR. CLEMENTS & CO.
Manufacturing Chemists,
BALTIMORE, Md.

BALTIMORE PIANOS.

We respectfully call the attention of those desiring to purchase our make of Pianos. We are satisfied that we can give satisfaction in every case. Our workmen skillful and experienced and are under the personal superintendence of the members of our firm. We use only the best seasoned timber, and the material in general is first class. Our Pianos without exception have the patent agraffes arrangement throughout, which in the opinion of the most competent judges is pronounced valuable. By this improvement a Piano is made more durable and keeps the tone longer. We claim for our instruments that they are second to none, and they combine all the essential elements that constitute superior workmanship. We will give a written guarantee for five years.

Mr. CONRAD FREIMAN, member of our firm, will visit Bloomsburg four times a year to repair and attend to tuning of all Pianos. In the absence of Mr. FREIMAN, Mr. I. K. MILLER will attend to our business in Bloomsburg and is authorized to receive and solicit orders.

We can give the very best references.
GAEHLE & CO.
Baltimore, M. D.
I. K. MILLER, Dealer in Pianos, Organs and Melodeons, five octave and five stop organs of the best make, sold at $110. Terms easy. June 23

AGENTS WANTED FOR
A VERY SUPERIOR BOOK,
"BOW IN THE CLOUD."

Edited by RT. REV. WM. BACON STEVENS,

It is full of the *richest* and *rarest* thoughts, unfolding the *glorious* Convenant Promises of our God. Superbly illustrated and bound in new designs of *rare elegance.*

It is a *Gem* among books.—*Zion's Herald.*

It is one of the most elegant books ever issued from the American press—*Watchman and Reflector.*

This is a book of surpassing beauty.—*N. Y. Observer.*

A LOVELY BOOK FOR A HOLIDAY GIFT.

Enriched with 20 exquisite gems of poetry. First-class Agents are making $10 to $15 per day. Price low. Terms extra. For Circulars address,
HUBBARD BROS., Publishers,
dec'8 71-tf 723 Sansom St., Phila.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned wishing to retire from business now offers at private sale his entire property situated in Orangeville, consisting of a one-half interest in the well known

FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

together with the Engine, Lathes and other Machinery belonging to the same, also the entire stock now on hand, together with a valuable pair of horses, and the wagons, sleds, Harness, &c. also his town lots on which is erected a good frame dwelling, also, twenty-five acres, known as the Dr. Lott property about ten of which are cleared, the balance timbered.

Prices reasonable. Possession given at any time to suit purchasers. Apply to or address.
WILLIAM SCHUYLER,
an g eville, Columbia co. Pa.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
A VERY SUPERIOR BOOK,
"BOW IN THE CLOUD."

Edited by RT. REV. WM. BACON STEVENS,

It is full of the *richest* and *rarest* thoughts, unfolding the *glorious* Convenant Promises of our God. Superbly illustrated and bound in new designs of *rare elegance.*

It is a *Gem* among books.—*Zion's Herald.*

It is one of the most elegant books ever issued from the American press—*Watchman and Reflector.*

This is a book of surpassing beauty.—*N. Y. Observer.*

A LOVELY BOOK FOR A HOLIDAY GIFT.

Enriched with 20 exquisite gems of poetry. First-class Agents are making $10 to $15 per day. Price low. Terms extra. For Circulars address,
HUBBARD BROS., Publishers,
dec'8 71-tf 723 Sansom St., Phila.

Drugs and Chemicals.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation by assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs to that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, the organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and require the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free *from all Alcoholic Stimulants.* They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for an incurable case, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

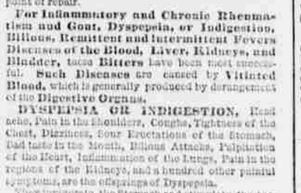
FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Blood, or whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

☞SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
2879-tf



FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the turn of life, these Bitters have no equal. ☞Send for a circular.

WHAT ARE THEY?

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whisker, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for an incurable case, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the Stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Blood, or whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

☞SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
2879-tf

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
$5000 WILL BE PAID

To any person producing any Medicine showing half as many living, permanent cures as DR. FITLER'S VEGETABLE RHEUMATIC REMEDY.—*Used invardly only.* A pleasant Medicine, free from Mercury, Iodide of Potash, Arsenic, under oath, to have permanently cured 95 in every 100 patients treated in the past ten years. (See testimony.) Send for scientific prescription of Professor Jos. P. Fitler, M. D., a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania A. D. 1838,—now one of Philadelphia's oldest regular physicians, and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology,—who has made Neuralgia, Chronic and Inflammatory Rheumatism the speciality of his entire professional life—a fact vouched for by the signatures accompanying each bottle, of many prominent renowned physicians, clergymen, and other testimonials. To protect sufferers from poisonous quack nostrums and useless expenditure of money, a legal signed guarantee, stating exact number of bottles warranted to cure, will be forwarded gratis to any sufferer sending by letter a full description of affliction. In case of failure to cure, amount paid positively refunded. Medicine sent anywhere by express, collect on delivery. Afflicted invited to write for advice; all information and medical advice sent by letter gratis. Principal office, 29 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, Pa. The Remedy is sold or obtained by Druggists.
mar 24'71—tv

Miscellaneous.

CONTINENTAL.

Life Insurance Company.
OF NEW YORK.
No. of Policies Issued 43,000
ASSETS $5,500,000.

ISSUES all the new form of Policies and presents as favorable terms as any company in the United States.

The company will make temporary loans on its policies.

Thirty days' grace allowed on each payment, and the policy held good during that time.

All our policies are incontestable for the usual causes.

Policies issued by this company are non-forfeiture.

No extra charges made for travelling permits.

Policy holders share in the annual profits of the company, and have a voice in the elections and management of the company.

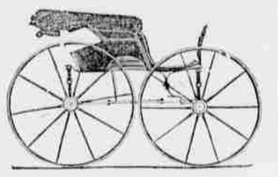
No policy or medical fee charged.
JUSTUS LAWRENCE, Pres't.
W. H. WYNKOOP, Vice Pres't.
J. P. ROGERS, Secretary.
S. C. CHANDLER, Jr., Actuary.

Central Office of North-Eastern Penn'a.
"COLUMBIAN" Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
LUDWIG & BROCKWAY,
General Agents.
jan. 5,1872-tf.

PATENT

ARION PIANO.

The only *perfect* Instrument in the World. It is *unequalled* in Richness, Power, Brilliancy and Durability. Special terms to Teachers. Marked favors to Clergymen. Send for Illustrated Arion Pamphlet.
C. W. FOSTER, General Agent.
mar 10'71—tf.] MAUCH CHUNK, PA.



CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every description of Wagons both
PLAIN AND FANCY
warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of
SLEIGHS
of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country. jan 1'71

NEW FIRM AT ORANGEVILLE
IRON FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
GREAT IMPROVEMENTS IN PLOWS AND THRESHING MACHINES.

Mr. Jacob Trivelpiece having purchased the interest of Charles W. Low in the above named works, the business will be continued under the firm name of WILLIAM SCHUYLER & Co. Having discovered